ADVANTECH CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

DECLARATION OF CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AFFILIATES

In connection with the Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises of ADVANTECH CO., LTD. (the "Consolidated FS of the Affiliates"), we represent to you that, the entities required to be included in the Consolidated FS of the Affiliates as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 in accordance with the "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises" are the same as those required to be included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of ADVANTECH CO., LTD. and its subsidiaries (the "Consolidated FS of the Group") in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard 10, as well as that, the information required to be disclosed in the Consolidated FS of Affiliates is disclosed in the Consolidated FS of the Group. Consequently, ADVANTECH CO., LTD. does not prepare a separate set of Consolidated FS of Affiliates.

Very truly yours, ADVANTECH CO., LTD. By

K.C. Liu , Chairman February 25, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of ADVANTECH CO., LTD.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of ADVANTECH CO., LTD. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant in the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgements, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2021 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2021 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

Valuation of inventories

Description

Refer to Note 4(14) for the accounting policies on the valuation of inventories, Note 5 for the uncertainty of accounting estimations and assumptions for the valuation of inventories, and Note 6(6) for the details of inventory valuation. The Group's inventory and allowance for inventory valuation as at December 31, 2021 are \$13,516,930 thousand and \$999,514 thousand, respectively.

The Group is primarily engaged in the manufacture and sales of embedded computer boards, industrial automation products, applied computers and industrial computers. Due to the rapid changes in technology and environment and industrial characteristics, inventories of the Group are available in different sizes and types. Since the evaluation of inventories is subject to management's judgment and the accounting estimations will have significant influence on the inventory values, we considered the valuation of inventories as one of the key audit matters.

How our audit addressed the matter

We have performed primary audit procedures for the above matter as follows:

- 1. Obtained an understanding of the policy on allowance for inventory valuation loss to assess the reasonableness of application.
- 2. Validated the accuracy of the system logic in calculating the ageing of inventories.
- 3. Tested the basis of market value used in calculating the net realizable value of inventory and validated the accuracy of net realizable value calculation of selected samples.

Recognition of sales revenue

Description

Refer to Note 4(32) for the accounting policies on the recognition of sales revenue.

Due to the changes in technology and environment, the development of new energy-related industries as well as digital transformation have been accelerated. As a result of the rapid development in the industrial computers industry, the Group had a significant growth in its revenue for the year ended December 31, 2021, particularly from revenues generated through its channels/distributors. Thus, we considered the recognition of revenues from channels/distributors as one of the key audit matters.

How our audit addressed the matter

We have performed primary audit procedures for the above matter as follows:

- 1. Obtained an understanding of and assessed internal controls in relation to sales revenue, and validated the operating effectiveness.
- 2. Obtained a detailed listing of sales revenue from channels/distributors for the current year, and assessed supporting documents to ensure the appropriateness of recognition.
- 3. Inspected contents and relevant evidences to confirm whether there were any significant or unusual sales returns and discounts occurring subsequent to the reporting period.
- 4. Performed accounts receivable confirmation procedure to significant customers.

Other matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended December 31, 2020 were audited by other auditors, whose report dated March 5, 2021 expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements.

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion with an *other matter* section on the parent company only financial statements of ADVANTECH CO., LTD. as at and for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including Audit Committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Independent auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and

obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that
were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and
are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or
regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we
determine that a matter should not be communicated in our auditors' report because the adverse
consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such
communication.

Liang, Hua-Ling	Lin, Yi-Fan

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

February 25, 2022

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice. As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

ADVANTECH CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020			
	Assets	Notes	 Amount	%		Amount	%
	Current assets						
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 9,301,152	16	\$	7,497,442	15
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)					
	profit or loss - current		3,576,089	6		5,493,150	11
1136	Financial assets at amortised cost -	6(4) and 8					
	current		113,548	-		162,602	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5)	2,038,948	4		1,893,043	4
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)	8,215,075	14		6,858,742	14
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	7	37,920	-		28,750	-
1200	Other receivables		54,497	-		51,885	-
1210	Other receivables - related parties	7	=	-		4,633	-
130X	Inventory	6(6)	12,517,416	22		7,813,550	15
1470	Other current assets	7	 831,655	1		483,739	1
11XX	Total current assets		 36,686,300	63		30,287,536	60
	Non-current assets						
1510	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)					
	profit or loss - non-current		94,310	-		77,950	-
1517	Financial assets at fair value through	6(3)					
	other comprehensive income - non-						
	current		2,516,420	4		1,814,233	4
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(7)					
	equity method		3,856,835	7		3,404,345	7
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8)	10,246,751	18		9,916,896	20
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)	594,368	1		599,005	1
1780	Intangible assets	6(10)	2,665,425	5		3,147,346	6
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(25)	985,675	2		723,627	2
1915	Prepayments for business facilities		116,347	=		167,579	-
1990	Other non-current assets	8	 65,806			60,868	
15XX	Total non-current assets		 21,141,937	37		19,911,849	40
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 57,828,237	100	\$	50,199,385	100

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ADVANTECH CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				December 31, 2021			December 31, 2020		
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%	
	Current liabilities								
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(11)	\$	255,700	1	\$	184,078	-	
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value	6(2)							
	through profit or loss - current			2,687	-		21,044	-	
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(20)		950,692	2		757,052	2	
2170	Notes and accounts payable	7		7,486,975	13		4,326,447	9	
2200	Other payables	6(12) and 7		4,587,492	8		3,928,365	8	
2230	Current income tax liabilities			2,485,660	4		2,315,461	5	
2250	Provision for liabilities - current			196,498	-		164,086	-	
2280	Lease liabilities - current	6(9)		250,338	-		221,250	-	
2300	Other current liabilities			287,636	1		178,425		
21XX	Total current liabilities			16,503,678	29		12,096,208	<u>24</u>	
	Non-current liabilities								
2560	Current income tax liabilities - non-								
	current			97,320	-		291,961	1	
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(25)		2,178,209	4		2,142,428	4	
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current	6(9)		67,068	=		87,781	=	
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(13)		619,171	1		534,584	1	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			2,961,768	5		3,056,754	6	
2XXX	Total liabilities			19,465,446	34		15,152,962	30	
	Equity attributable to shareholders o	f							
	the parent								
	Share capital	6(15)							
3110	Common shares			7,738,228	13		7,719,455	16	
3140	Advance receipts for share capital			6,410	-		3,090	-	
	Capital surplus	6(16)							
3200	Capital surplus			8,388,886	15		7,913,754	16	
	Retained earnings	6(17)							
3310	Legal reserve			7,737,236	13		7,020,201	14	
3320	Special reserve			831,850	1		845,993	2	
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			13,705,710	24		11,739,513	23	
	Other equity	6(18)							
3400	Other equity		(555,793) (1)	(831,850) (<u>2</u>)	
31XX	Equity attributable to								
	shareholders of the parent			37,852,527	65		34,410,156	69	
36XX	Non-controlling interest	6(19)		510,264	1		636,267	1	
3XXX	Total equity			38,362,791	66		35,046,423	70	
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9							
	unrecognized contract commitments								
	Significant events after the balance sheet date	11							
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	57,828,237	100	\$	50,199,385	100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ADVANTECH CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amounts)

		For the years ended December 31, 2021 2020								
	Items	Notes		Amount		Amount	%			
4000	Operating revenue	6(20) and 7	- \$	58,622,050	100 \$	51,119,408	100			
5000	Operating costs	6(6)(8)(9)(10)(13)		, ,	·	, ,				
		(14)(24) and 7	(36,490,474) (62) (30,723,147) (60)			
5950	Gross profit			22,131,576	38	20,396,261	40			
	Operating expenses	6(8)(9)(10)(13)(14	4)							
		(24) and 7								
6100	Selling expenses		(5, 180, 175) (9) (4,762,890) (9)			
6200	General and administrative expenses		(2,877,312) (5) (2,551,504) (5)			
6300	Research and development expenses		(4,269,809) (7) (4,055,922) (8)			
6450	Expected credit impairment (loss)									
	gain		(3,857)	<u>-</u>	10,608	-			
6000	Total operating expenses		(12,331,153) (21) (11,359,708) (22)			
6900	Operating profit			9,800,423	17	9,036,553	18			
	Non-operating income and expenses					_				
7100	Interest income			27,467	-	39,632	-			
7010	Other income	6(21) and 7		373,993	-	212,830	1			
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(10)(22)	(194,813)	- (306,514) (1)			
7050	Finance costs	6(9)(23)	(15,668)	- (20,176)	-			
7060	Share of profit of associates and	6(7)								
	joint ventures accounted for under									
	equity method			263,940		166,036				
7000	Total non-operating income and									
	expenses			454,919	=	91,808	=			
7900	Profit before income tax			10,255,342	17	9,128,361	18			
7950	Income tax expense	6(25)	(1,947,979) (3) (1,825,374)(4)			
8200	Profit for the year		\$	8,307,363	14 \$	7,302,987	14			

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ADVANTECH CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amounts)

				For the	December 31,	31,	
				2021		2020	
	Items	Notes		Amount	%	Amount	%
	Other comprehensive income						
	Components of other comprehensive						
	income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of	6(13)					
0311	defined benefit plans	0(13)	(\$	3,577)	- (\$	21,879)	_
8316	Unrealised gains (losses) from	6(3)(18)	ŲΨ	3,311)	(Ψ	21,077)	
	investments in equity instruments	- (-)(-)					
	measured at fair value through						
	other comprehensive income			766,066	2	132,470	=
8320	Share of other comprehensive	6(7)(18)					
	income (loss) of associates and						
	joint ventures accounted for under						
	equity method that will not be						
02.40	reclassified to profit or loss	((25)		66,515	- (2,733)	=
8349	Income tax related to components of	6(25)					
	other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or						
	loss			790		4,385	
8310	Other comprehensive income that		-	170	<u> </u>	4,565	
0310	will not be reclassified to profit						
	or loss			829,794	2	112,243	_
	Components of other comprehensive			025,751		112,215	
	income that will be reclassified to						
	profit or loss						
8361	Financial statements translation	6(18)					
	differences of foreign operations		(685,783) (1)(151,818)	-
8370	Share of other comprehensive loss of	6(7)(18)					
	associates and joint ventures						
	accounted for under equity method						
	that will be reclassified to profit or loss		1	57 055\	(21,431)	
8399	Income tax related to components of	6(25)	(57,855)	- (21,431)	-
0377	other comprehensive income that	0(23)					
	will be reclassified to profit or loss			142,326	_	32,093	_
8360	Other comprehensive loss that will					52,000	-
	be reclassified to profit or loss		(601,312) (1)(141,156)	_
8300	Total other comprehensive income		-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
	(loss) for the year		\$	228,482	<u>1</u> (<u>\$</u>	28,913)	
8500	Total comprehensive income for the						
	year		\$	8,535,845	<u> 15</u> \$	7,274,074	14
	Profit attributable to:						
8610	Shareholders of the parent		\$	8,250,224	14 \$		14
8620	Non-controlling interest			57,139	<u>-</u>	55,032	
			\$	8,307,363	<u>14</u> \$	7,302,987	14
	Total comprehensive income						
0710	attributable to:		ф	0.510.006	1.5 dt	7 221 750	
8710	Shareholders of the parent		\$	8,510,806	15 \$		14
8720	Non-controlling interest		¢	25,039	1.5	42,315	1.4
	Dagia cominga non -1		<u> </u>	8,535,845	<u>15</u> \$	7,274,074	14
9750	Basic earnings per share Profit for the year	6(26)	¢		10.67 \$		0.40
7130		0(20)	<u> </u>		10.01	·	9.40
9850	Diluted earnings per share Profit for the year	6(26)	¢		10.51 \$		9.27
2020	Tront for the year	0(20)	<u> </u>		10.31 \$		9.21

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ADVANTECH CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent											
		Share	Capital			Retained Earning	S		Other Equity Interes	st			
	Notes	Common capital	Advance receipts for share capital	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Unearned employee benefits compensation	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
For the year ended December 31, 2020													
Balance at January 1, 2020		\$ 6,999,230	\$ 4,870	\$ 7,397,029	\$ 6,285,079	\$ 798,763	\$ 11,515,121	(\$ 878,261)	\$ 30,970	\$ 1,298	\$ 32,154,099	\$ 577,361	\$ 32,731,460
Consolidated profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	7,247,955	-	-		7,247,955	55,032	7,302,987
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(18)(19)	-	-	-	-	-	(20,332)	(128,374)	132,510	-	(16,196)	(12,717)	(28,913)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-			-		7,227,623	(128,374)	132,510		7,231,759	42,315	7,274,074
Appropriations of 2019 earnings	6(17)												
Legal reserve		-	-	-	735,122	-	(735,122)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	-	47,230	(47,230)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	(5,463,198)	-	-	-	(5,463,198)	-	(5,463,198)
Stock dividends	6(15)	700,410	-	-	-	-	(700,410)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends distributed by subsidiaries	6(19)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,443)	(11,443)
Recognition of employee share options	6(14)(15)	19,815	(1,780)	121,652	-	-	-	-	-	-	139,687	-	139,687
Compensation costs recognized for employee share options	6(14)	8	8	365,248	Ξ.	=	≘	9		≘	365,248	8	365,248
Changes in associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method		-	-	43,140	-	-	-	-	-	179	43,319	-	43,319
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed	6(27)	-	-	(8,678)	-	-	(34,762)	-	-	-	(43,440)	891	(42,549)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	6(19)(27)	-	-	(4,637)	-	-	(12,681)	-	-	-	(17,318)	27,143	9,825
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other compenhensive income owned by associates	6(18)	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>=</u>	<u>=</u>	<u>-</u> _	(9,828)		9,828	<u>-</u>	<u>=</u>	<u> </u>	<u>=</u>
Balance at December 31, 2020		\$ 7,719,455	\$ 3,090	\$ 7,913,754	\$ 7,020,201	\$ 845,993	\$ 11,739,513	(\$ 1,006,635)	\$ 173,308	\$ 1,477	\$ 34,410,156	\$ 636,267	\$ 35,046,423
For the year ended December 31, 2021							· <u></u>						
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 7,719,455	\$ 3,090	\$ 7,913,754	\$ 7,020,201	\$ 845,993	\$ 11,739,513	(\$ 1,006,635)	\$ 173,308	\$ 1,477	\$ 34,410,156	\$ 636,267	\$ 35,046,423
Consolidated profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	8,250,224		-	-	8,250,224	57,139	8,307,363
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(18)(19)	-	-	-	-	-	(4,040)	(569,302)	833,924	-	260,582	(32,100)	228,482
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	8,246,184	(569,302)	833,924	-	8,510,806	25,039	8,535,845
Appropriations of 2020 earnings	6(17)						· <u></u>						
Legal reserve		-	-	-	717,035	-	(717,035)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve		-	-	-	-	(14,143)	14,143	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	(5,480,813)	-	-	-	(5,480,813)	-	(5,480,813)
Cash dividends distributed by subsidiaries	6(19)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25,675)	(25,675)
Recognition of employee share options	6(14)(15)	18,773	3,320	185,822	Ξ.	=	≘	9		≘	207,915	8	207,915
Compensation costs recognized for employee share options	6(14)	8	8	291,441	Ξ.	=	≘	9		≘	291,441	8	291,441
Changes in associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method		-	-	(25,474)	-	-	(80,199)	-	-	-	(105,673)	-	(105,673)
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed	6(27)	-	-	23,128	-	-	(3,401)	-	-	-	19,727	-	19,727
Changes in non-controlling interest	6(19)(27)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(75,664)	(75,664)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	6(19)(27)	-	-	215	-	-	(1,247)	-	-	-	(1,032)	(49,703)	(50,735)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3)(18)			<u>=</u>		_	(11,435)	-	11,435		<u>=</u>		<u>=</u>
Balance at December 31, 2021		\$ 7,738,228	\$ 6,410	\$ 8,388,886	\$ 7,737,236	\$ 831,850	\$ 13,705,710	(\$ 1,575,937)	\$ 1,018,667	\$ 1,477	\$ 37,852,527	\$ 510,264	\$ 38,362,791

ADVANTECH CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		For the years ended De			December 31,		
	Notes		2021	-	2020		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Profit before income tax		\$	10,255,342	\$	9,128,361		
Adjustments items							
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) Depreciation	6(8)(9)(24)		828,168		702 000		
Amortisation	6(10)(24)		268,703		792,808 175,394		
Expected credit impairment loss (reversal of impairment loss)	0(10)(21)		3,857	(10,608)		
Net gain on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or	6(2)(22)		,	,			
loss		(131,863)	(8,571)		
Finance costs Interest income	6(23)	,	15,668	,	20,176		
Dividend income	6(21)	(27,467) 185,473)	(39,632) 99,326)		
Compensation costs of employee share options	6(14)	(291,468	(365,248		
Share of profit of associates accounted for under equity method	6(7)	(263,940)	(166,036)		
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(22)	(58,183)		25,293		
(Gain) loss on disposal of investments	6(22)	(1,426)		574		
Others Impairment loss	6(10)(22)	(22,469) 292,574		245,917		
Changes in assets and liabilities to operating activities	0(10)(22)		292,314		243,917		
Changes in assets to operating activities							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			2,032,564	(1,792,887)		
Notes receivable		(146,689)	(346,703)		
Accounts receivable		(1,362,058)		416,710		
Accounts receivable - related parties		(9,170)	(8,576)		
Other receivables (including related parties) Inventories		(2,021 4,703,866)	(44,889 29,767)		
Other current assets		-	347,916)	(204,660		
Changes in liabilities to operating activities		,	5.7,510)		201,000		
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(18,357)		-		
Contract liabilities - current			193,640	(62,666)		
Notes and accounts payable			3,160,528	(559,582)		
Other payables Provision for liabilities			658,097	(284,784		
Other current liabilities			32,412 109,211	(44,525) 24,764)		
Other non-current liabilities			81,724	(6,905)		
Cash inflow generated from operations			10,947,100	`	8,504,266		
Interest received			27,467		39,632		
Dividends received			185,473		99,326		
Interest paid		(1,024)	(3,957)		
Income tax paid		(2,027,449)	(560,701)		
Net cash flows provided by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-	9,131,567	-	8,078,566		
Acquisition of financial assets at amortised cost		(13,808)	(651,249)		
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortised cost		,	50,194	`	790,975		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive							
income			Ē	(44,719)		
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			16				
Cash returned from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value			10		-		
through other comprehensive income			17,980		_		
Acquisition of investments accounted for under equity method	6(7)	(398,868)	(383,086)		
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for under equity method	6(7)		8,676		7,656		
Net cash flow from acquisition of subsidiaries	6(28)		-	(2,724)		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(8)	(1,022,442) 135,209	(619,025) 46,086		
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(10)	(186,074)	(136,448)		
Increase in refundable deposits	0(10)	(8,365)	ì	2,641)		
Decrease in other non-current assets		`	3,427	`	· - ′		
Dividends received from associates			151,729		163,216		
(Increase) decrease in prepayments for business facilities		(13,450)		23,075		
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(1,275,776)	(808,884)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	6(29)		00 020	,	65 100 N		
Repayments of long-term borrowings	6(29)		90,830	(65,200) 42,393)		
(Decrease) increase in guarantee deposits received	0(2))	(714)	(28		
Payment of lease liabilities	6(9)(29)	(248,716)	(239,314)		
Payment of cash dividends	6(17)	(5,480,813)	(5,463,198)		
Employee share options exercised			199,865		139,687		
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(25,675)	(11,443)		
Liquidation of subsidiary and refund of shares to non-controlling interests	6(27)	(73,125)	(20 704		
Change in non-controlling interest Net cash flows used in financing activities	6(27)	·	25,262) 5,563,610)	<u>`</u> ——	32,724) 5,714,557)		
Net cash flows used in financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes		·——	<u>3,303,010</u>) 488,471)	·——	5,714,557 61,619		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		\	1,803,710	\ <u></u>	1,493,506		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			7,497,442		6,003,936		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	9,301,152	\$	7,497,442		

ADVANTECH CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

- (1) Advantech Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated in September 1981. The Company is primarily engaged in the manufacture and sales of embedded computing boards, industrial automation products, applied computers and industrial computers.
- (2) The Company's shares have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since December 1999.
- (3) To improve the entire operating efficiency of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group"), the Company's Board of Directors during its meeting on June 30, 2009 resolved to have a short-form merger with its wholly-owned subsidiary, Advantech Investment and Management Service ("AIMS"). The effective date was set on July 30, 2009. As the surviving entity, the Company assumed all assets and liabilities of AIMS. On June 26, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to have a whale-minnow merger with Netstar Technology Co., Ltd. ("Netstar"), an indirectly 95.51%-owned subsidiary through a wholly-owned subsidiary, Advantech Corporate Investment. The effective date for the merger was set on July 27, 2014. As the surviving entity, the Company assumed all assets and liabilities of Netstar.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on February 25, 2022.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2021 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9'	January 1, 2021
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, 'Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2'	January 1, 2021

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19-related rent concessions beyond June 30, 2021'	April 1, 2021 (Note)

Note: Earlier application from January 1, 2021 is allowed by the FSC.

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts - cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018 - 2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 -	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-	January 1, 2023
current'	

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	January 1, 2023
arising from a single transaction'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets minus present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation

- of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
- (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the shareholders of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the shareholders of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
- (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
- (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Owners	ship (%)	
			December 31,	December 31,	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business activities	2021	2020	Description
The Company	Advantech Automation Corp. (BVI) [AAC (BVI)]	Overseas investment in manufacturing and services industries	100.00	100.00	
	Advantech Technology Co., Ltd. (ATC)	Overseas investment in manufacturing and services industries	100.00	100.00	
	Advanixs Corporation	Manufacturing, marketing and trade of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	

			Ownership (%)		
			December 31,	December 31,	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business activities	2021	2020	Description
The Company	Advantech Corporate Investment (ACI)	Investment in marketable securities	100.00	100.00	
	Advantech Europe Holding B.V. (AEUH)	Overseas investment in manufacturing and services industries	100.00	100.00	
	Advantech Co., Singapore Pte, Ltd. (ASG)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	
	Advantech Australia Pty Ltd. (AAU)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	
	Advantech Japan Co., Ltd. (AJP)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	
	Advantech Co., Malaysia Sdn. Bhd (AMY)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	
	Advantech KR Co., Ltd. (AKR)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	Note 7
	Advantech Brasil Ltd (ABR)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	Note 6
	Advantech Industrial Computing India Private Limited (AIN)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	99.99	99.99	
	AdvanPOS Technology Co., Ltd. (AdvanPOS)	Manufacturing and trade of endpoint sales system	100.00	100.00	Note 19
	LNC Technology Co., Ltd. (LNC)	Manufacturing and trade of controllers	48.10	59.10	Note 2
	Advantech Electronics, S. De R.L. De C. V. (AMX)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	60.00	60.00	Note 4
	Advantech Innovative Design Co., Ltd.	Product design	-	100.00	Note 15
	B+B Smartworx Inc. (B+B)	Trading of industrial network communication systems	-	-	Note 8

			Ownership (%)		
			December 31,	December 31,	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business activities	2021	2020	Description
The Company	Advantech Intelligent Services Co., Ltd. (AiCS) (former AiST)	Design, research and develop and sale of intelligent services	100.00	100.00	
	Advantech Corporation (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (ATH)	Manufacturing of computer products	51.00	51.00	
	Advantech Vietnam Technology Company Limited (AVN)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	60.00	60.00	
	Advantech Technology Limited Liability Company (ARU)	Manufacturing, marketing and trade of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	
	Advantech Technologies Japan Corp. (ATJ)	Production and sale of electronic and mechanical devices	71.39	50.00	Note 12
	Advantech Turkey Teknoloji A.S. (ATR)	Wholesale of computers and peripheral devices	60.00	60.00	
	ADVANTECH IOT ISRAEL LTD. (AIL)	Trading of industrial network communications systems	100.00	100.00	
	Huan Yan Water Solution Co., Ltd.	Service plan for combination of related technologies of water treatment and applications of Internet of Things	90.00	100.00	Note 9
Advantech Japan Co., Ltd. (AJP)	Advantech Technologies Japan Corp. (ATJ)	Production and sale of electronic and mechanical devices	28.61	28.61	
Advantech Corporate Investment (ACI)	Cermate Technologies Inc. (Cermate Taiwan)	Manufacturing of electronic components, computers, and peripheral devices	55.00	55.00	

			Owners	ship (%)	
			December 31,	December 31,	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business activities	2021	2020	Description
Advantech Corporate Investment (ACI)	Huan Yan, Jhih-Lian Co., Ltd.	Service plan for combination of related technologies of water treatment and applications of Internet of Things	-	-	Note 10
	Yun Yan, Wu-Lian Co., Ltd.	Industrial equipment networking in Greater China	-	50.00	Note 17
	Advantech Corporate Investment Ltd. (ACISM)	Holding company	-	100.00	Note 18
	ACI IOT Investment Fund-I Corporation	Investment in marketable securities	-	79.33	Note 13
	Adveln Tech Intellingent Heath Co., Ltd. (AIH)	Servicing of information software and data processing	100.00	-	Note 3
Advantech Technology Co., Ltd. (ATC)	HK Advantech Technology Co., Ltd. [ATC (HK)]	Overseas investment in manufacturing and services industries	100.00	100.00	
HK Advantech Technology Co., Ltd. [ATC (HK)]	Advantech Technology (China) Company Ltd. (AKMC)	Manufacturing and trade of interface cards and PC cases, plastic cases and accessories	100.00	100.00	
Advantech Automation Corp. (BVI) [AAC	Advantech Corp. (ANA)	Marketing, trade and assembly of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	Note 8
(BVI)]	Advantech Automation Corp. (HK) [AAC (HK)]	Overseas investment in manufacturing and services industries	100.00	100.00	
	Advantech Service - IoT Co., Ltd. [SIoT (Cayman)]	Design, research and development and trade of IoT intelligent system services	100.00	100.00	
	Advantech Technology DMCC (ADB)	Trading of industrial network communication systems	100.00	100.00	

			Owners	ship (%)	
			December 31,	December 31,	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business activities	2021	2020	Description
Advantech Corp. (ANA)	B+B Smartworx Inc. (B+B)	Trading of industrial network communication systems	-	-	Note 8
	Advantech Technology Limited (AIE) (former BBIE)	Trading of industrial network communication systems	100.00	100.00	Note 11
-	Beijing Yan Hua Xing Ye Electronic Science & Technology Co., Ltd. (ACN)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	
	Shanghai Advantech Intelligent Services Co., Ltd. (AiSC)	Manufacturing, marketing and trade of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	
Advantech Service - IoT Co., Ltd. [SIoT (Cayman)]	Advantech Service- IoT (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. [SIoT (China)]	Technology development, consulting and services in the field of intelligent technology	99.00	99.00	
	Advantech Service- IoT GmbH (A-SIoT)	Design, research and develop and trade of industrial on-board computer products	-	100.00	Note 16
	Advantech Intelligent Health Co., Ltd. (AIH)	Servicing of information software and data processing	-	100.00	Note 3
Beijing Yan Hua Xing Ye Electronic Science & Technology Co., Ltd. (ACN)	Xi'an Advantech Software Ltd. (AXA)	Development and manufacturing of software products	100.00	100.00	
Shanghai Advantech Intelligent Services Co., Ltd. (AiSC)	Advantech Service- IoT (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. [SIoT (China)]	Technology development, consulting and services in the field of intelligent technology	1.00	1.00	

			Ownership (%)		
			December 31,	December 31,	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business activities	2021	2020	Description
Shanghai Advantech Intelligent Services Co., Ltd. (AiSC)	Shanghai Yanle Co., Ltd. (AYL)	Application and retail of intelligent technology	100.00	100.00	Note 5
Advantech Europe Holding B.V. (AEUH)	Advantech Europe B.V. (AEU)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	
	Advantech Poland Sp z o.o. (APL)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	
Advantech Europe B.V. (AEU)	Advantech Service- IoT GmbH (A-SIoT)	Design, research and development and trade of industrial on-board computer products	100.00	-	Note 16
Advantech Co., Singapore Pte, Ltd. (ASG)	Advantech Corporation (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (ATH)	Manufacturing of computer products	49.00	49.00	
	Advantech International PT. (AID)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	100.00	100.00	
Cermate Technologies Inc. (Cermate Taiwan)	LandMark Co., Ltd. (LandMark)	General investment	100.00	100.00	
LandMark Co., Ltd. (LandMark)	Cermate Technologies (Shanghai) Inc. (Cermate Shanghai)	Networking electronic equipment for industrial use	100.00	100.00	
	Shenzhen Cermate Technologies Inc. (Cermate Shenzhen)	Production of LCD touch screen, USB data cables, and industrial use computers	90.00	90.00	
LNC Technology Co., Ltd. (LNC)	Better Auto Holdings Limited (Better Auto)	Holding company	100.00	100.00	
Better Auto Holdings Limited (Better Auto)	Famous Now Limited (Famous Now)	Holding company	100.00	100.00	
Famous Now Limited (Famous Now)	LNC Dong Guan Co., Ltd. (LNC Dong Guan)	Manufacturing and trade of controllers	100.00	100.00	

			Owners	ship (%)	
			December 31,	December 31,	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business activities	2021	2020	Description
B+B Smartworx Inc. (B+B)	Advantech Technology Limited (AIE) (former BBIE)	Trading of industrial network communication systems	-	-	Note 11
Advantech Technology Limited (AIE) (former BBIE)	Advantech CZech, s.r.o. (ACZ)	Manufacturing of automation control	100.00	100.00	
Advantech Industrtal Computer India Private Limited (AIN)	Advantech Raiser India Private Limited (ARI)	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	55.00	-	Note 14

- Note 1: The Group collectively holds more than 50% of the voting shares or has control over the above subsidiaries.
- Note 2: In the first and second quarter of 2020, the Group sold its 3.42% and 1.58% equity in LNC, respectively, which decreased the Group's equity investment in LNC from 64.10% to 59.10%. In the fourth quarter of 2021, the Group sold its 11% equity interest in LNC, which resulted to a decrease in ownership from 59.10% to 48.10%. After the disposal, the Group is still the single largest shareholder of LNC. Given that the degree of other shareholders involvement in prior shareholders' meeting and record of voting rights for major proposals, which indicates that the Group still has substantial ability to direct the relevant activities, the Group has control over LNC.
- Note 3: In the first quarter of 2020, SIoT (Cayman) acquired 30% equity interest in AIH, which resulted to an increase in ownership from 70% to 100%. In addition, in the first quarter of 2021, the Group adjusted its investment structure whereby ACI held 100% equity interest in AIH.
- Note 4: In the second quarter of 2020, the Group did not participate in the capital increase raised by AMX proportionally to its interest, which resulted to a decrease in ownership from 100% to 60%.
- Note 5: In the second quarter of 2020, the Group acquired 55% equity interest in AYL, which resulted to an increase in ownership from 45% to 100%.
- Note 6: In the third quarter of 2020, the Group acquired 20% equity interest in ABR, which resulted to an increase in ownership from 80% to 100%.
- Note 7: In the third quarter of 2020, the Group adjusted its investment structure. Following the capital reduction of AKST to offset against its deficit, AKR directly held 100% equity interest in AKST. AKR and AKST then merged, with AKR as the surviving entity.

- Note 8: In the fourth quarter of 2020, after the Group sold its 60% equity interest in B+B to AAC (BVI), AAC (BVI) then sold its equity interest to ANA. ANA directly held 100% equity interest in B+B. ANA and B+B then merged, with ANA as the surviving entity.
- Note 9: In the fourth quarter of 2020, the Group founded Huan Yan Water Solution Co., Ltd. In the second quarter of 2021, Huan Yan Water Solution Co., Ltd. increased capital. Industrial Technology Research Institute acquired 10% equity interest.
- Note 10: In the fourth quarter of 2020, Huan Yan, Jhih-Lian Co., Ltd. filed for liquidation.
- Note 11: In the fourth quarter of 2020, the Group adjusted its investment structure. Accordingly, ANA held 100% equity interest in AIE.
- Note 12: In the first quarter of 2021, the Company acquired 20% equity interest in ATJ, which resulted to an increase in ownership from 50% to 70%. In the third quarter of 2021, the Company acquired 1.39% equity interest in ATJ, which resulted to an increase in ownership from 70% to 71.39%.
- Note 13: In the third quarter of 2021, ACI IoT Investment Fund-I Corporation filed for liquidation.
- Note 14: In the second quarter of 2021, the Group founded ARI.
- Note 15: In the third quarter of 2021, Advantech Innovative Design Co., Ltd. filed for liquidation.
- Note 16: In the fourth quarter of 2021, the Group adjusted its investment structure. Accordingly, AEU held 100% equity interest in A-SIoT.
- Note 17: In the third quarter of 2021, Yun Yan, Wu-Lian Co., Ltd. got approval of dissolution registration from competent authority.
- Note 18: In the fourth quarter of 2021, ACISM filed for liquidation.
- Note 19: In the fourth quarter of 2021, AdvanPOS filed for liquidation.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollar, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

(a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate or joint arrangement, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate or joint arrangement after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, or losing joint control of the former joint arrangement, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.
- (c) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (d) Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

Otherwise they are classified as non-current assets.

- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities

which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and debt instruments which meet all of the following criteria:

- (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost including accounts and notes receivable that have a significant financing component, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if

such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred; however, the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

(13) Leasing arrangements (lessor) - operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads. It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(15) Investments accounted for under equity method - associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for under equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognises change in ownership interests in the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.

- D. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the company's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.
- G. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- H. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

(16) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are

- depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings

Main buildings	20 ~ 60 years
Electronic equipment	5 years
Engineering systems	5 years
Machinery and equipment	2 ~ 10 years
Office equipment	1 ~ 8 years
Other equipment	1 ~ 10 years

(17) Leasing arrangements (lessee) - right-of-use assets/lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable. The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
 - (d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the

commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and remeasure the lease liability to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference in profit or loss.

(18) Intangible assets

A. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

B. Customer relationship and trademarks

Customer relationship and trademarks acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Trademarks and customer relationship have a finite useful life and are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 2 to 3 years and 2 to 15 years, respectively.

C. Intangible assets, except for goodwill, customer relationship and trademarks are mainly software and technology licencing, etc. and are amortised on a straight-line basis as follows:

Technology licenses $5 \sim 8$ years Others $1 \sim 5$ years

(19) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill shall be evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination.

(20) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised

initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(21) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(22) <u>Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss</u>

- A. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorised as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.
- B. At initial recognition, the company measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(23) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(24) Offsetting financial assets and ilabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(25) Non-hedging derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

(26) Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(27) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognises expense as it can no longer withdraw an offer of termination benefits or it recognises relating restructuring costs, whichever is earlier. Benefits that are expected to be due more than 12 months after balance sheet date shall be discounted to their present value.

D. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

(28) Employee share-based payment

- A. For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.
- B. The share-based payment grant date is the date that the Group and employees reached a consensus on the terms and provisions of share-based payment arrangements.

(29) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the shareholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance

sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed.

- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred income tax asset shall be recognised for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from research and development expenditures to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.

(30) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(31) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(32) Revenue recognition

A. Sales of goods

- (a) The Group manufactures and sells embedded computing boards, industrial automation products, applied computers and industrial computers. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied. The Group does not recognise revenue on materials delivered to subcontractors because this delivery does not involve a transfer of control.
- (b) The Group's obligation to provide a repair for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

B. Revenue from rendering services

Revenue from rendering services comes from developing products and extended warranty services. Such revenue is recognised when services are provided.

(33) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(34) Business combinations

- A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.
- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognised and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

(35) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Group's chief operating decision maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates

concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of December 31, 2021, the carrying amount of inventories was \$12,517,416.

B. Impairment assessment of goodwill

The impairment assessment of goodwill relies on the Group's subjective judgement, including identifying cash-generating units, allocating assets and liabilities as well as goodwill to related cash-generating units, and determining the recoverable amounts of related cash-generating units.

As of December 31, 2021, the Group recognised goodwill, net of impairment loss, amounting to \$2,092,610.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	1,098	\$	5,054
Checking accounts and demand deposits		8,674,989		5,718,855
Cash equivalents (time deposits with original maturities less than three months)		625,065		1,773,533
	\$	9,301,152	\$	7,497,442

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Group had no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	December 31, 2021		Decer	nber 31, 2020
Financial assets - current				
Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit				
or loss				
Derivative instruments (not under hedge accounting	g)			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$	11,966	\$	90
Non-derivative financial assets				
Listed and OTC stocks		170,417		391,032
Unlisted and non-OTC stocks		56,000		-
Beneficiary certificates		3,300,731		5,102,028
Convertible corporate bonds		36,975		-
-	\$	3,576,089	\$	5,493,150
<u>Financial assets - non-current</u> Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss				
Non-derivative financial assets				
Unlisted and non-OTC stocks	\$	94,310	\$	77,950
Financial liabilities - current Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss Derivative instruments (not under hedge accounting	g)			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$	2,687	\$	21,044
A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation	n to fin	ancial assets and	l liabilit	ies at fair value

through profit or loss are listed below:

	 For the years ended December 31,				
	2021		2020		
Financial assets and liabilities mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss					
Non-derivative instruments	\$ 78,870	\$	43,373		
Derivative instruments	 52,993	(34,802)		
	\$ 131,863	\$	8,571		

B. At the balance sheet date, outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts not accounted for under hedge accounting were as follows:

Derivative financial assets:

December 31, 2021	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (in thousands)
Sell forward	EUR/NTD	2022.01.2022.05	EUR 12,300/NTD 395,896
foreign exchange	JPY/NTD	2022.01~2022.03	JPY 240,000/NTD 59,071
	USD/NTD	2022.01	USD 800/NTD 22,219

December 31, 2020	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (in thousands)
Sell forward	EUR/NTD	2021.01~2021.05	EUR 13,500/NTD 461,970
foreign exchange	USD/NTD	2021.01	USD 1,500/NTD 42,758
	JPY/NTD	2021.02	JPY 10,000/NTD 2,761
Derivative financial lia	ability:		
December 31, 2021	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (in thousands)
Sell forward	CNY/NTD	2022.01~2022.04	CNY 68,000/NTD 292,705
foreign exchange			
December 31, 2020	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (in thousands)
Sell forward	EUR/NTD	2021.01~2021.05	EUR 500/NTD 17,561
foreign exchange	USD/NTD	2021.01~2021.02	USD 4,500/NTD 126,724
	JPY/NTD	2021.01~2021.05	JPY 270,000/NTD 73,633
	CNY/NTD	2021.01~2021.04	CNY 76,000/NTD 324,732

- C. The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to manage exposure to exchange rate fluctuations of foreign-currency denominated assets and liabilities. However, those contracts did not meet the criteria of hedge effectiveness and therefore were not accounted for under hedge accounting.
- D. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others as collateral.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is provided in Note 12(2).

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Listed, OTC and emerging stocks	\$	2,396,403	\$	1,635,056
Unlisted and non-OTC stocks		120,017		179,177
	\$	2,516,420	\$	1,814,233

A. These investments in equity instruments are held for medium to long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at fair value through other comprehensive income as they believe that recognising short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes.

B. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

		For the years ended December 31,				
		2021		2020		
Equity instruments at fair value through other						
comprehensive income						
Fair value change recognised in other						
comprehensive income	\$	766,066	\$	132,470		
Cumulative gains (losses) reclassified to						
retained earnings due to derecognition	(\$	11,435)	\$			

C. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral.

(4) Financial assets at amortised cost - current

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Time deposits with original maturity period of				
more than three months	\$	113,548	\$	162,602

- A. As of December 31, 2021, and 2020, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group was \$113,548 and \$162,602, respectively.
- B. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- C. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortised cost is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) Notes and accounts receivable

	Dece	mber 31, 2021	Dece	ember 31, 2020
Notes receivable	\$	2,039,732	\$	1,893,043
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(784)		
	\$	2,038,948	\$	1,893,043
Accounts receivable	\$	8,289,138	\$	6,933,252
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(74,063)	(74,510)
	\$	8,215,075	\$	6,858,742

A. The ageing analysis of notes and accounts receivable is as follows:

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Not past due	\$	9,547,123	\$	8,023,754
Less than 90 days past due		687,824		707,623
Between 91 to 180 days past due		26,973		43,446
Over 181 days past due		66,950		51,472
	\$	10,328,870	\$	8,826,295

The above aging analysis was based on past due date.

- B. Except for the balances shown above, the balance of notes and accounts receivable from contracts with customers was \$8,898,747 at January 1, 2020.
- C. The Group does not hold collateral as security for accounts receivable.
- D. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposures to credit risk in respect of the amounts that best represent the Group's notes receivable were \$2,038,948 and \$1,893,043, respectively. The maximum exposures to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's accounts receivable were \$8,215,075 and \$6,858,742, respectively.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(6) Inventories

			D	December 31, 2021			
		Cost		Allowance for valuation loss		Book value	
Raw materials	\$	6,594,778	(\$	607,288)	\$	5,987,490	
Work in progress		1,261,383	(47,714)		1,213,669	
Finished goods		4,605,226	(344,512)		4,260,714	
Inventory in transit		1,055,543		<u>-</u>		1,055,543	
	\$	13,516,930	(\$	999,514)	\$	12,517,416	
	December 31, 2020						
	Allowance for						
		Cost		valuation loss		Book value	
Raw materials	\$	3,873,109	(\$	466,861)	\$	3,406,248	
Work in progress		542,060	(4,038)		538,022	
Finished goods		3,177,669	(362,896)		2,814,773	
Inventory in transit		1,054,507		<u>-</u>		1,054,507	
	\$	8,647,345	(\$	833,795)	\$	7,813,550	

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the year:

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2021			2020	
Cost of goods sold	\$	35,716,722	\$	30,135,227	
Loss on decline in market value		197,367		7,980	
Others		576,385		579,940	
	\$	36,490,474	\$	30,723,147	

(7) Investments accounted for under equity method

A. Information on the investments in associates are as follows:

	Dece	ember 31, 2021	Decem	ber 31, 2020
Associates that are not individually material				
Listed and OTC companies				
Axiomtek Co., Ltd. (Axiomtek)	\$	830,007	\$	647,383
Winmate Inc. (Winmate)		572,568		557,027
AzureWave Technologies, Inc. (AzureWave)		601,310		551,457
Nippon RAD Inc. (Nippon RAD)		261,523		293,440
Mildex Optical Inc. (Mildex)		142,658		164,589
Hwacom Systems Inc. (Hwacom)		439,839		376,666
Information Technology Total Services Co.,				
Ltd. (ITTS)		159,489		156,544
<u>Unlisted companies</u>				
International Integrated Systems, Inc. (IISI)		271,364		263,747
CDIB Innovation Accelerator Co., Ltd. (CDIB)		181,132		151,529
VSO Electronics Co., Ltd. (VSO)		144,865		130,940
Feng Sang Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Feng Sang)		110,496		-
Others		141,584		111,023
	\$	3,856,835	\$	3,404,345

The changes in the Group's shareholding ratio or having significant influence due to capital increase of its investments are as follows:

- (a) In the first quarter of 2020, the Group acquired 20% equity interest in Impelex for a cash consideration of \$10,000.
- (b) In the first quarter of 2020, the Group acquired 14.29% equity interest in VSO for a cash consideration of \$120,000, and holds one seat in the Board of Directors composed of five directors.
- (c) In the second quarter of 2020, the Group acquired 20% equity interest in IISI for a cash consideration of \$243,086.
- (d) In the fourth quarter of 2020, the Group acquired 34.83% equity interest in iSAP for a cash consideration of \$10,000.
- (e) In the first quarter of 2021, the Group participated in the capital increase of Feng Sang for a cash consideration \$64,500 which resulted to an increase in its equity interest from 15% to 36.24%.
- (f) In the first quarter of 2021, the Group acquired 21.67% equity interest in Foshan Technology for a cash consideration of \$2,824. In the third quarter of 2021, the Group participated in the capital increase of Foshan Technology for a cash consideration of \$23,683 which resulted to an increase in its equity interest from 21.67% to 29.66%.

- (g) In 2021, the Group invested in Axiomtek for a cash consideration of \$262,313, which resulted to an increase in its equity interest from 24.17% to 26.61%.
- (h) In the second quarter of 2021, the Group invested in Smasoft for a cash consideration of \$5,220, which resulted to an increase in its equity interest from 20% to 24.07%.
- (i) In the second quarter of 2021, the Group acquired 20% equity interest in Freedom System for a cash consideration of \$37,500.
- (j) In the fourth quarter of 2021, the Group participated in the capital increase of DotZero for a cash consideration \$2,828. As the Group did not subscribe to the capital increase in proportion to its shareholding percentage, its equity interest decreased from 27.00% to 25.71%.
- (k) In the fourth quarter of 2021, the Group disposed all its equity interest in GSD for a cash consideration \$8,676.
- B. The summary of financial information of share attributable to the Group on the associates that are not individually material to the Group is as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2021		2020		
Profit for the year from continuing operations	\$	263,940	\$	166,036		
Other comprehensive income (loss) after tax		20,231	(19,878)		
Total comprehensive income	\$	284,171	\$	146,158		

C. The fair value of the Group's associates which have quoted market price is as follows:

	December 31, 2021			ember 31, 2020
Fair value of associates	\$	4,199,439	\$	3,797,958

D. The Group is the single largest shareholder of Axiomtek, Winmate, Hwacom, VSO, iSAP, and Feng Sang. Given that the degree of other shareholders involvement in prior stockholders' meeting and record of voting rights for major proposals, which indicates that the Group has no substantial ability to direct the relevant activities, the Group has no control, but only has significant influence, over the companies.

(8) Property, plant and equipment

				Machinery				
	Freehold			and	Office	Other	Construction in	
	land	<u>B</u> ı	uildings	equipment	equipment	equipment	progress	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021								
Cost	\$ 3,032,3	84 \$ 8	3,052,436	\$ 1,929,938	\$ 906,329	\$ 1,901,43	4 \$ 380,653	\$ 16,203,174
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		- (2	2,824,136)	(1,408,668)	(712,689) (1,340,78	5) -	(6,286,278)
тритием	\$ 3,032,3	84 \$ 5	5,228,300	\$ 521,270	\$ 193,640			\$ 9,916,896
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 3,032,3	84 \$ 5	, -,	\$ 521,270	\$ 193,640			\$ 9,916,896
Additions		-	38,033	299,963	81,932	250,95		1,079,803
Disposals	(31,5	43) (24,981) (` '				
Depreciation		- (222,202)					,
Reclassifications		-	354,441	41,011	,			4,968
Net exchange differences	(32,8		43,697)	(2,623)			- '	(95,256)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 2,967,9	68 \$ 5	5,329,894	\$ 728,379	\$ 190,104	\$ 582,70	2 \$ 447,704	\$ 10,246,751
Balance at December 31, 2021								
Cost	\$ 2,967,9	68 \$ 8	3,242,253	\$ 2,143,173	\$ 924,897	\$ 1,977,87	2 \$ 447,704	\$ 16,703,867
Accumulated depreciation and								
impairment			2,912,359)	(1,414,794)	`		-	(6,457,116)
	\$ 2,967,9	68 \$ 5	5,329,894	\$ 728,379	\$ 190,104	\$ 582,70	<u>\$ 447,704</u>	\$ 10,246,751
				Machinery				
	Freehold			and	Office	Other	Construction in	
	Freehold land		uildings	-	Office equipment	Other equipment	Construction in progress	Total
Balance at January 1, 2020			uildings	and				Total
Balance at January 1, 2020 Cost		<u>B</u> ı		and	equipment	equipment	progress	Total \$ 15,744,253
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	land	Bi	3,049,532	and equipment \$ 1,866,463	* 877,799	\$ 1,874,07	progress 8 \$ 8,792	\$ 15,744,253
Cost	\$ 3,067,5	89 \$ 8 - (2	3,049,532 2,597,296) (and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129)	equipment \$ 877,799 (685,252	\$ 1,874,07	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6)	\$ 15,744,253 (<u>6,011,763</u>)
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	land	89 \$ 8 - (2	3,049,532	and equipment \$ 1,866,463	* 877,799	\$ 1,874,07	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6)	\$ 15,744,253
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	\$ 3,067,5	89 \$ 8 - (2 89 \$ 5	3,049,532 2,597,296) (5,452,236	and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129)	equipment \$ 877,799 (685,252	equipment \$ 1,874,07 (1,351,08 \$ 522,99	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6) 2 \$ 8,792	\$ 15,744,253 (<u>6,011,763</u>)
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment	\$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5	89 \$ 8 - (2 89 \$ 5	3,049,532 2,597,296) (5,452,236	and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129) \$ 488,334	equipment \$ 877,799 (685,252 \$ 192,547	equipment \$ 1,874,07 (1,351,08 \$ 522,99	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6	\$ 15,744,253 (6,011,763) \$ 9,732,490
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5	89 \$ 8 - (2 89 \$ 5 89 \$ 5	3,049,532 2,597,296) (5,452,236 5,452,236	and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129) \$ 488,334 \$ 488,334	equipment \$ 877,799 (685,252 \$ 192,547 \$ 192,879	equipment \$ 1,874,07 (1,351,08 \$ 522,99 \$ 522,99 195,72	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6) 2 \$ 8,792 2 \$ 8,792 5 179,666	\$ 15,744,253 (6,011,763) \$ 9,732,490 \$ 9,732,490
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions	\$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5	Bi 89 \$ 8 - (2 89 \$ 5 77	3,049,532 2,597,296) (5,452,236 1,799	and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129) \$ 488,334 \$ 488,334 148,879 5,696	equipment \$ 877,799 (685,252 \$ 192,547 \$ 192,547 92,879 (5,607	equipment \$ 1,874,07 \$ (1,351,08 \$ 522,99 \$ 522,99 195,72) (4,72	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6) 2 \$ 8,792 2 \$ 8,792 5 179,666 2)	\$ 15,744,253 (6,011,763) \$ 9,732,490 \$ 9,732,490 619,025 (71,379)
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals Depreciation Acquired from business	\$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5	Bi 889 \$ 8 - (2 889 \$ 5 889 \$ 5 777 17) (2,597,296) 5,452,236 1,799 38,329)	and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129) \$ 488,334 \$ 488,334 148,879 5,696	equipment \$ 877,799 (685,252 \$ 192,547 \$ 192,547 92,879 (5,607 (80,707	equipment \$ 1,874,07 \$ (1,351,08 \$ 522,99 \$ 522,99 195,72) (4,72) (162,98	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6) 2 \$ 8,792 2 \$ 8,792 5 179,666 2)	\$ 15,744,253 (6,011,763) \$ 9,732,490 \$ 9,732,490 619,025 (71,379) (575,549)
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals Depreciation Acquired from business combinations	\$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5	Bi 889 \$ 8 - (2 889 \$ 5 777 17) (- (3,049,532 2,597,296) (5,452,236 1,799 38,329) (199,820) (and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129) \$ 488,334 148,879 5,696 (132,035)	\$ 877,799 (685,252 \$ 192,547 \$ 192,547 92,879 (5,607 (80,707	equipment \$ 1,874,07 (1,351,08 \$ 522,99 \$ 522,99 195,72 (4,72 (162,98	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6	\$ 15,744,253 (6,011,763) \$ 9,732,490 \$ 9,732,490 619,025 (71,379) (575,549)
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals Depreciation Acquired from business combinations Reclassifications	\$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 (28,4	B1 889 \$ 8 - (2 889 \$ 5 889 \$ 5 777 177) (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (3,049,532 2,597,296) (5,452,236 1,799 38,329) 199,820) (2,569)	and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129) \$ 488,334 148,879 5,696 (132,035)	equipment \$ 877,799 (685,252 \$ 192,547 \$ 192,547 92,879 (5,607 (80,707	equipment \$ 1,874,07 (1,351,08 \$ 522,99 \$ 522,99 195,72 (4,72 (162,98	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6) 2 \$ 8,792 2 \$ 8,792 5 179,666 2) 7) 3 186,608	\$ 15,744,253 (6,011,763) \$ 9,732,490 \$ 9,732,490 619,025 (71,379) (575,549) 93 192,873
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals Depreciation Acquired from business combinations Reclassifications Net exchange differences	\$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 (28,4	Bi 889 \$ 8 - (2 889 \$ 5 77 17) (- (- (65)	3,049,532 2,597,296) (5,452,236 5,452,236 1,799 38,329) (199,820) (199,820) (199,820) (199,820)	and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129) \$ 488,334 \$ 488,334 148,879 5,696 (132,035)	equipment \$ 877,799 (685,252 \$ 192,547 \$ 192,547 (5,607 (80,707 93 (5,335 (230	equipment \$ 1,874,07 \$ (1,351,08 \$ 522,99 \$ 522,99 \$ 195,72) (4,72) (162,98) 8,81) 82	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6) 2 \$ 8,792 2 \$ 8,792 5 179,666 2) 7) 3 186,608 8 5,587	\$ 15,744,253 (6,011,763) \$ 9,732,490 \$ 9,732,490 619,025 (71,379) (575,549) 93 192,873 19,343
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals Depreciation Acquired from business combinations Reclassifications	\$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 (28,4	Bi 889 \$ 8 - (2 889 \$ 5 77 17) (- (- (65)	3,049,532 2,597,296) (5,452,236 1,799 38,329) 199,820) (2,569)	and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129) \$ 488,334 148,879 5,696 (132,035)	equipment \$ 877,799 (685,252 \$ 192,547 \$ 192,547 92,879 (5,607 (80,707	equipment \$ 1,874,07 \$ (1,351,08 \$ 522,99 \$ 522,99 \$ 195,72) (4,72) (162,98) 8,81) 82	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6) 2 \$ 8,792 2 \$ 8,792 5 179,666 2) 7) 3 186,608 8 5,587	\$ 15,744,253 (6,011,763) \$ 9,732,490 \$ 9,732,490 619,025 (71,379) (575,549) 93 192,873
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals Depreciation Acquired from business combinations Reclassifications Net exchange differences	\$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 (28,4	Bi 889 \$ 8 - (2 889 \$ 5 77 17) (- (- (65)	3,049,532 2,597,296) (5,452,236 5,452,236 1,799 38,329) (199,820) (199,820) (199,820) (199,820)	and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129) \$ 488,334 \$ 488,334 148,879 5,696 (132,035)	equipment \$ 877,799 (685,252 \$ 192,547 \$ 192,547 (5,607 (80,707 93 (5,335 (230	equipment \$ 1,874,07 \$ (1,351,08 \$ 522,99 \$ 522,99 \$ 195,72) (4,72) (162,98) 8,81) 82	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6) 2 \$ 8,792 2 \$ 8,792 5 179,666 2) 7) 3 186,608 8 5,587	\$ 15,744,253 (6,011,763) \$ 9,732,490 \$ 9,732,490 619,025 (71,379) (575,549) 93 192,873 19,343
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals Depreciation Acquired from business combinations Reclassifications Net exchange differences Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 (28,4	Bi 889 \$ 8 - (_2 889 \$ 5 77 17) (- (- (655)	3,049,532 2,597,296) (5,452,236 1,799 38,329) 199,820) (6,452,236 1,799 38,329) 199,820) (7,200) 2,569) 14,983 5,228,300	and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129) \$ 488,334 \$ 488,334 148,879 5,696 (132,035)	equipment \$ 877,799 (685,252 \$ 192,547 \$ 192,547 92,879 (5,607 (80,707 93 (5,335 (230) \$ 193,640	equipment \$ 1,874,07 (1,351,08 \$ 522,99 \$ 522,99 195,72 (4,72 (162,98) 8,81) 82 \$ 560,64	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6	\$ 15,744,253 (6,011,763) \$ 9,732,490 \$ 9,732,490 619,025 (71,379) (575,549) 93 192,873 19,343
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals Depreciation Acquired from business combinations Reclassifications Net exchange differences Balance at December 31, 2020 Balance at December 31, 2020 Cost Accumulated depreciation and	\$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 (28,4 (6,8 \$ 3,032,3	Bi 889 \$ 8 - (2 889 \$ 5 77 17) (- (- (655) 884 \$ \$ 8	3,049,532 2,597,296) (5,452,236 5,452,236 1,799 38,329) (199,820) (199,8	and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129) \$ 488,334 \$ 488,334 148,879 5,696 (132,035) - 5,356 5,040 \$ 521,270 \$ 1,929,938	equipment \$ 877,799 (685,252 \$ 192,547 \$ 192,547 92,879 (5,607 (80,707 93 (5,335 (230 \$ 193,640 \$ 906,329	equipment \$ 1,874,07 (1,351,08 \$ 522,99 \$ 522,99 195,72 (4,72 (162,98) 8,81) 82 \$ 560,64	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6) 2 \$ 8,792 2 \$ 8,792 5 179,666 2) 7) 3 186,608 8 5,587 9 \$ 380,653 4 \$ 380,653	\$ 15,744,253 (6,011,763) \$ 9,732,490 \$ 9,732,490 619,025 (71,379) (575,549) 93 192,873 19,343 \$ 9,916,896 \$ 16,203,174
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals Depreciation Acquired from business combinations Reclassifications Net exchange differences Balance at December 31, 2020 Balance at December 31, 2020 Cost	\$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 \$ 3,067,5 (28,4 (6,8 \$ 3,032,3	Bi 889 \$ 8 - (2 889 \$ 5 889 \$ 5 777 17) (- (655) 665) 844 \$ 8 - (2	3,049,532 2,597,296) (5,452,236 5,452,236 1,799 38,329) (199,820) (199,8	and equipment \$ 1,866,463 (1,378,129) \$ 488,334 \$ 488,334 148,879 5,696 (132,035) - 5,356 5,040 \$ 521,270 \$ 1,929,938	equipment \$ 877,799 (685,252 \$ 192,547 \$ 192,547 92,879 (5,607 (80,707 93 (5,335 (230) \$ 193,640 \$ 906,329	equipment \$ 1,874,07 \$ (1,351,08 \$ 522,99 \$ 522,99 \$ 195,72) (4,72) (162,98) 8,81) 82 \$ 560,64 \$ 1,901,43	progress 8 \$ 8,792 6) 2 \$ 8,792 2 \$ 8,792 5 179,666 2) 7) 3 186,608 8 5,587 9 \$ 380,653 4 \$ 380,653	\$ 15,744,253 (6,011,763) \$ 9,732,490 \$ 9,732,490 619,025 (71,379) (575,549) 93 192,873 19,343 \$ 9,916,896

The Group has no property, plant and equipment pledged to others.

(9) <u>Lease agreements - lessee</u>

A. The Group's lease subjects include building, transportation equipment, machinery and equipment,

office equipment and land use right. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 15 years, except for the land use rights which cover periods of 38 to 50 years. The lease contract is negotiated individually and contains various terms and conditions. Except that the leased assets cannot be used as security for borrowing purposes, there are no other restrictions on the lease.

B. Right-of-use assets

	December 31, 2021		Decer	nber 31, 2020		
Carrying amount						
Land	\$	272,232	\$	282,854		
Buildings		273,832		283,248		
Machinery and equipment		1,871		2,619		
Office equipment		5,181		6,032		
Transportation equipment		40,991		24,232		
Other equipment		261		20		
	\$	594,368	\$	599,005		
	For the years ended December 31,					
		2021		2020		
Depreciation expenses						
Land	\$	8,420	\$	8,305		
Buildings		190,889		168,858		
Machinery and equipment		759		885		
Office equipment		8,659		10,629		
Transportation equipment		36,657		28,562		
Other equipment		150		20		
	\$	245,534	\$	217,259		

C. The additions to right-of-use assets for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$149,628 and \$39,556, respectively.

D. Lease liabilities

	Decem	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		
Carrying amount						
Current	\$	250,338	\$	221,250		
Non-current		67,068		87,781		
	\$	317,406	\$	309,031		

E. Other lease information

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2021	2020			
Expense on lease interest	\$	13,614	\$	14,508		
Expense on short-term lease contracts	\$	389	\$	13,960		
Expense on leases of low-value assets	\$	1,434	\$	12,180		
Total cash outflow for leases	\$	250,539	\$	279,962		

(10) <u>Intangible assets</u>

	Tr	ademarks		Customer ationships		echnology licenses	_	Goodwill		Others	_	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021 Cost	\$	475,390	\$	572,805	\$	402,751	\$	2,837,680	\$	548,524	\$	4,837,150
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(330,368)	(283,883)	(332,924)	(373,365)	(369,264)	(1,689,804)
	\$	145,022	\$	288,922	\$	69,827	\$	2,464,315	\$	179,260	\$	3,147,346
Balance at January 1, 2021 Acquired separately	\$	145,022	\$	288,922	\$	69,827	\$	2,464,315	\$	179,260 193,395	\$	3,147,346 193,395
Amortization	(66,851)	(34,540)	(22,989)		-	(144,323)	(268,703)
Reclassifications		-		-		-		-		54		54
Impairment loss	,	- 0.265		-	,	1 (0.1)	(292,574)	,		(292,574)
Net exchange differences	(9,265)	(16,396)	(1,694)	(_	79,131)		7,607)	(_	114,093)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	68,906	\$	237,986	<u>\$</u>	45,144	<u>\$</u>	2,092,610	\$	220,779	\$	2,665,425
Balance at December 31, 2021												
Cost	\$	456,060	\$	530,820	\$	383,119	\$	2,758,549	\$	557,405	\$	4,685,953
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(387,154)	(292,834)	(337,975)	(665,939)	(336,626)	(2,020,528)
impanment	\$	68,906	\$	237,986	\$	45,144	\$	2,092,610	\$	220,779	\$	2,665,425
	! 								_			
	Т.	ademarks		Customer ationships		echnology licenses		Goodwill		Others		Total
Balance at January 1, 2020		auciliaiks	101	ationships	_	licenses	_	Goodwiii	_	Others		Total
Cost	\$	493,225	\$	593,770	\$	413,853	\$	2,892,879	\$	625,449	\$	5,019,176
Accumulated amortization and	Ψ	1,53,223	Ψ	575,770	Ψ	110,000	Ψ			023,119	Ψ	5,015,170
impairment	(98,934)	(239,688)	(315,238)	_	373,365)		492,376)		1,519,601)
	\$	394,291	\$	354,082	\$	98,615	\$	2,519,514	\$	133,073	\$	3,499,575
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	394,291	\$	354,082	\$	98,615	\$	2,519,514	\$	133,073	\$	3,499,575
Acquired separately		-		-		-		-		137,619		137,619
Disposals		-		-		-		-	(1,171)	(1,171)
Amortization		-	(46,739)	(24,743)		-	(103,912)	(175,394)
Acquired from business combinations								3,081				3,081
Reclassifications		_		_		_		5,001		5,694		5,694
Impairment loss	(245,917)		_		_		_		-	(245,917)
Net exchange differences	(3,352)	(18,421)	(4,045)	(_	58,280)		7,957	<u></u>	76,141)
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	145,022	\$	288,922	\$	69,827	\$	2,464,315	\$	179,260	\$	3,147,346
Balance at December 31, 2020												
Cost	\$	475,390	\$	572,805	\$	402,751	\$	2,837,680	\$	548,524	\$	4,837,150
Accumulated amortization and	(330,368)	(283,883)	(332,924)	(373,365)	(369,264)	(1,689,804)
impairment	\$	145,022	\$	288,922	\$	69,827		2,464,315	\$	179,260	\$	_
	-	- ,~	<u> </u>	,	<u></u>	, ,	_	,,	<u> </u>	,=	÷	, .,

A. The details of goodwill are as follows:

	Dece	December 31, 2021		
B+B	\$	1,239,060	\$	1,274,871
LNC		227,127		227,127
AdvanPOS		-		215,068
A-SIoT		153,603		171,800
AEU		124,960		140,514
Others		347,860		434,935
	\$	2,092,610	\$	2,464,315

B. Gooldwill impairment assessment

- (a) The impairment assessment of goodwill relies on the subjective judgment of the management, including identifying the cash-generating unit and determining its recoverable amount.
- (b) The Group assesses the recoverable amounts of goodwill for impairment at the end of the financial reporting period, and the recoverable amount is assessed based on the value-in-use.
- (c) The value-in-use calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management. Management determined the budgeted gross margin and growth rate based on past performance and the expectations of market development. The market valuation used is consistent with the similar industries. The discount rates used reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments and the time value of currency in real market.
- (d) Due to business considerations, the Group decided to liquidate the subsidiary- AdvanPOS. Further, as there has been a significant reduction in the operations of merged subsidiaries, the Group's operating revenue after the merger did not turn out as expected. Based on the Group's assessment, the recoverable amount was less than the carrying amount. Accordingly, an impairment loss of \$292,574 was recognised for the goodwill for the year ended December 31, 2021.

(11) Short-term borrowings

	Dece	December 31, 2021		ember 31, 2020
<u>Unsecured borrowings</u>				
Credit borrowings	\$	255,700	\$	184,078

The range of interest rates on bank loans was $0.23\% \sim 1.09\%$ and $0.22\% \sim 3.05\%$ per annum as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

(12) Other payables

	Dece	mber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Wages and salaries and bonuses payable	\$	3,287,752	\$	2,742,495	
Employee benefits payable		181,782		185,523	
Others (Note)		1,117,958		1,000,347	
	\$	4,587,492	\$	3,928,365	

Note: Including marketing expenses and freight expenses, etc.

(13) Pension

A. Defined benefit pension plans

(a) The Company and Cermate Taiwan have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Labor Standards Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make contributions for the deficit by next March.

The subsidiaries, ATJ and AIN, calculate pension benefits on the basis of the length of service and the hourly wages at the time of resignation or retirement date when employees under the defined benefit plans meet the requirements such as reaching the pension age, loss of capability to work, etc. in accordance with the local regulations.

(b) The amounts recognised in the balance sheets are as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 2021	Dece	mber 31, 2020
Present value of defined benefit obligations	\$	505,362	\$	534,734
Fair value of plan assets	(124,613)	(131,246)
Net defined benefit liability ("recognised as				
other non-current liabilities")	\$	380,749	\$	403,488

(c) Movements in net defined benefit liabilities are as follows:

Present value of defined benefit obligation		of defined		Fair value of plan assets	Ne	et defined benefit
2021						
Balance at January 1	\$	534,734	(\$	131,246)	\$	403,488
Current service cost		8,275		-		8,275
Interest expense (income)		2,353	(704)		1,649
		545,362	(131,950)		413,412
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income or expense)		_	(1,664)	(1,664)
Change in demographic assumptions		10,854	(-		10,854
Change in financial						
assumptions	(6,267)		-	(6,267)
Experience adjustments	`	654		-	•	654
1 3		5,241	(1,664)		3,577
Pension payment	(30,048)		18,866	(11,182)
Pension fund contribution		-	(9,865)	(9,865)
Net exchange differences	(15,193)			(15,193)
	(45,241)		9,001	(36,240)
Balance at December 31	\$	505,362	(\$	124,613)	\$	380,749

		esent value				
		f defined		Fair value of	Net defined benefit	
	benef	it obligations		plan assets		liability
2020						
Balance at January 1	\$	517,092 ((\$	132,178)	\$	384,914
Current service cost		7,221		-		7,221
Interest expense (income)		3,161	(1,033)		2,128
		527,474	(133,211)		394,263
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest						
income or expense)		- ((4,540)	(4,540)
Change in demographic assumptions		893		-		893
Change in financial						
assumptions		10,833		-		10,833
Experience adjustments		14,693				14,693
		26,419 ((4,540)		21,879
Pension payment	(19,159)		15,543	(3,616)
Pension fund contribution		- ((9,038)	(9,038)
	(19,159)		6,505	(12,654)
Balance at December 31	\$	534,734	(<u>\$</u>	131,246)	\$	403,488

(d) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's and Cermate Taiwan's defined benefit pension plans in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilization plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilization for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). With regard to the utilisation of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authonised by the Regulator. The Company and Cermate Taiwan have no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company and Cermate Taiwan are unable to disclose the classification of plan asset fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilization Report announced by the government.

(e) The principal actuarial assumptions used are as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2021	2020				
Discount rate	0.625%~7.310%	0.220%~7.280%				
Future salary increases rate	3.000%~10.000%	3.000%~10.000%				

Future mortality rate was estimated based on actuarial advice in accordance with published statistics and experiences from 6th Taiwan standard, Japan abridged of 2020, and Indian Assured Lives Mortality.

Because the main actuarial assumption changed, the present value of defined benefit obligation is affected. The analysis was as follows:

		Discount rate				Future salary increases rate			
	-	ncrease 0.25%		Decrease 0.25%		Increase 0.25%		Decrease 0.25%	
December 31, 2021 Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	(<u>\$</u>	13,955)	<u>\$</u>	14,511	\$	11,050	(<u>\$</u>	10,696)	
December 31, 2020 Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	(<u>\$</u>	15,370)	\$	16,004	\$	11,784	(<u>\$</u>	11,392)	

The sensitivity analysis above was determined based on the change of one assumption while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheets are the same.

- (f) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2022 amount to \$16,379.
- (g) As of December 31, 2021, the weighted average duration of the retirement plans is 11.70~20.96 years.

B. Defined contribution pension plans

- (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (b) Overseas subsidiaries contribute pension in accordance with local government regulations, and recognise pension expenses at the time of contribution.

(c) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group were \$376,970 and \$261,640 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

(14) Share-based payment

- A. Employee share options granted by the Company
 - (a) Qualified employees of the Company were granted 7,500 options in 2020, 8,000 options in 2018 and 6,500 options in 2016. Each option entitles the holder to subscribe for one thousand ordinary shares of the Company. The holders of these shares include employees who meet certain criteria set by the Company from both domestic and overseas subsidiaries in which the Company directly or indirectly invests over 50%. Options issued in 2020, 2018 and 2016 are all valid for six years. All options are exercisable at certain percentages after the second anniversary year from the grant date. The exercise price of options granted in 2020 was \$200 (in dollars) per share. The options issued in 2018 were granted at an exercise price equal to the share price at the grant date. The exercise price of options granted in 2016 was \$100 (in dollars) per share. For any subsequent changes in the Company's common shares, the exercise price and the number of options will be adjusted accordingly.
 - (b) Information on employee share options is as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,									
		20)21			2020				
			7	Weighted-				Weighted-		
				average				average		
		Unit of	ex	ercise price		Unit of	e	xercise price		
		options	(in dollars)	_	options		(in dollars)		
Options outstanding at the										
beginning of the year		19,404	\$	175.66		14,250	\$	149.88		
Options granted		-		-		7,500		200.00		
Options exercised	(2,209)		90.47	(1,803)		77.45		
Options expired	(_	173)		142.34	(_	543)		70.50		
Options outstanding at the										
end of the year	_	17,022		172.74	_	19,404		175.66		
Options exercisable at the										
end of the year	_	9,521		151.26	_	7,904		138.98		
Weighted-average fair										
value of options granted					_					
(in dollars)	_	_			\$	125.77				

(c) The weighted-average stock price of share options at exercise dates for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$329 ~ \$387 (in dollars) and \$258 ~ \$328 (in dollars), respectively.

(d) Information on outstanding options on balance sheet date is as follows:

		December 31, 2021			Decemb	per 31, 2020
			Weighted-			Weighted-
	E	Exercise average remaining		Exercise		average remaining
		price	contractual life		price	contractual life
	(ir	n dollars)	(in years)	(i	n dollars)	(in years)
Issuance in 2020	\$	200.00	4.58	\$	200.00	5.58
Issuance in 2018		171.20	2.58		202.50	3.58
Issuance in 2016		72.3~73.9	0.45		73.90	1.45

(e) The fair value of share options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

	Issuance in 2020	Issuance in 2018	Issuance in 2016	
Grant-date stock price (in dollars)	\$ 309	\$ 202.5	\$ 235	
Exercise price (in dollars)	\$ 200	\$ 202.5	\$ 100	
Expected price volatility	23.28~26.55%	28.42~28.73%	31.42~32.48%	
Expected option life (in years)	4 ~ 5.5	4 ~ 4.5	4 ~ 5.5	
Expected dividends yield	0%	0%	0%	
Risk-free interest rate	0.31~0.35%	0.67~0.69%	0.52~0.65%	
Fair value per unit	\$ 121.61~133.07	\$ 47.91~50.38	\$ 140.97~144.36	

Expected price volatility was based on the annualized standard deviation of historical return on the stocks over the expected option life period.

- (f) The Group recognised compensation cost of \$291,441 and \$365,248 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.
- B. Employee share options granted by the subsidiary LNC
 - (a) Qualified employees of LNC, a subsidiary of the Company, were granted 108 options in May 2018 and 1,092 options in June 2017. Each option entitles the holder to subscribe for one thousand common shares of LNC. The options were granted to employees of LNC, who meet specific conditions. These options are valid for five years. All are exercisable at certain percentages after the first anniversary year from the grant date.

(b) Information on employee share options is as follows:

Options expired

end of the year

end of the year

Options exercisable at the

For the years ended December 31, 2021 2020 Weighted-Weightedaverage average exercise price exercise price Unit of options (in dollars) Unit of options (in dollars) Options outstanding at the beginning of the year 676 \$ 20 740 \$ 20 64) 40) 20 20 Options outstanding at the 676 20 636 20

20

502

20

(c) Information on outstanding options on balance sheet date is as follows:

631

	Decem	D	December 31, 2020			
Exercise		Weighted- average remaining	Exercise		Weighted- average remaining	
	price (in dollars)	contractual life	prio (in do		contractual life	
	(III dollars)	(in years)	(III do	mars)	(in years)	
Issuance in 2018	\$ 2	20 1.33	\$	20	2.33	
Issuance in 2017		0.42		20	1.42	

(d) The fair value of share options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

	Is	suance in 2018	Issuance in 2017		
Grant-date valuation price (in dollars)	\$	17.29	\$	16.11	
Exercise price (in dollars)	\$	20	\$	20	
Expected price volatility		21.36~25.43%		25.6~29.45%	
Expected option life (in years)		2.5~4		2.5~4	
Expected dividends yield		1.04%		0%	
Risk-free interest rate		0.60~0.67%		0.64~0.74%	
Fair value per unit (in dollars)		\$1.28~2.35		\$1.42~2.66	

Expected price volatility was based on the annualized standard deviation of historical return on similar industries' stock over the expected option life period.

(e) In August 2018, the subsidiary - LNC modified the terms of its outstanding options. The validity was adjusted from 4 to 5 years. The average incremental fair value of \$0.38 (in dollars) in June 2017 and \$0.34 (in dollars) in May 2018 will be recognised as expense over the

remaining vesting period of 2.42 and 3.33 years, respectively. LNC used the inputs noted above to measure the fair value of the old and new options.

Issuance in 2018

	Be	fore modification	A	fter modification
Grant-date valuation price (in dollars)	\$	17.86	\$	17.86
Exercise price (in dollars)	\$	20	\$	20
Expected price volatility		20.04~23.67%		21.57~24.70%
Expected option life (in years)		2.17~3.67		2.67~4.17
Expected dividends yield		1.01%		1.01%
Risk-free interest rate		0.57~0.65%		0.61~0.67%
Fair value per unit (in dollars)		\$1.23~2.26		\$1.60~2.59
Issuance in 2017				
	Be	fore modification	A	fter modification
Grant-date valuation price (in dollars)	\$	17.86	\$	17.86
Exercise price (in dollars)	\$	20	\$	20
Expected price volatility		19.35~21.61%		19.89~23.34%
Expected option life (in years)		1.38~2.76		1.88~3.26
Expected dividends yield		-		-
Risk-free interest rate		0.49~0.61%		0.54~0.64%
Fair value per unit (in dollars)		\$0.89~1.86		\$1.22~2.33

⁽f) Compensation cost recognised by the subsidiary, LNC, for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$27 and \$153, respectively.

(15) Share capital

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's authorised capital was \$10,000,000, consisting of 1,000,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock (including 50,000 thousand shares reserved for employee shares options and corporate bonds with warrant), and the paid-in capital was \$7,744,638 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected. The change in the number of the Company's common shares outstanding at the beginning and ending for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows: (in thousand shares)

	2021	2020
At January 1	772,255	700,410
Employee share options expired	2,209	1,804
Shareholders' stock dividends	<u>-</u>	70,041
At December 31	774,464	772,255

(16) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to

issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

	Dec	ember 31, 2021	Decemb	per 31, 2020
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital (Note)				
Premium on issuance of ordinary shares	\$	2,692,238	\$	2,692,238
Premium on conversion of bonds		1,636,499		1,636,499
Premium on issuance of ordinary shares for				
employee share options		2,714,285		2,297,403
Difference between consideration and carrying				
amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed		23,128		-
Changes in equity of associates accounted for				
under equity method		674		674
Employees' share compensation		78,614		78,614
May be used to offset a deficit only				
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries		215		-
Changes in equity of associates accounted for				
under equity method		29,408		54,882
Employee share options forfeited		96,258		87,266
Not to be used for any purpose				
Employee share options		1,117,567		1,066,178
	\$	8,388,886	\$	7,913,754

Note: Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital. However, the amount that can be transferred to share capital is limited to a certain percentage of paid-in capital every year.

(17) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside or reversed from the legal reserve. The remainder, if any, shall be distributed as dividends to be proposed by the Board of Directors. The distribution of cash dividends shall be resolved by the Board of Directors while stock dividends shall be resolved by the shareholders during their meeting.
- B. The Company's dividend policy which takes into consideration the Company's future funding requirements and long-term financial planning as well as the interest of shareholders is to

distribute at least 30% of the available profits as dividends to shareholders annually. The distribution of cash dividends shall not be less than 20% of the total dividends distributed.

The Company operates in an industry related to computers, and its business related to network servers is new but with significant potential for growth. Thus, in formulating its dividends policy, the Company takes into account the overall business and industry conditions and trends, its objective of enhancing the shareholders' long-term interests, and the sustainability of the Company's growth. The policy also requires that share dividends shall be less than 75% of total dividends to retain internally generated cash within the Company to finance future capital expenditures and working capital requirements.

- C. An appropriation of earnings for legal reserve should be made until the legal reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital. The legal reserve may be used to offset against deficit. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.
- D. Items referred to under Rule No. 1010012865 and Rule No. 1010047490 issued by the FSC and the directive titled "Questions and Answers for Special Reserves Appropriated Following Adoption of IFRSs" should be appropriated to or reversed from a special reserve by the Company.
- E. The appropriations of earnings for 2020 and 2019 have been approved by the shareholders on August 19, 2021 and May 28, 2020, respectively.

]	For the years end	led December 31,		
		2020		2019	
Legal reserve	\$	717,035	\$	735,122	
(Reversal of) provision for special reserve	(\$	14,143)	\$	47,230	
Cash dividends	\$	5,480,813	\$	5,463,198	
Stock dividends	\$	_	\$	700,410	
Cash dividends per share (in dollars)	\$	7.1	\$	7.8	
Stock dividends per share (in dollars)	\$		\$	1.0	

F. The appropriations of 2021 earnings had been proposed by the Board of Directors on February 25, 2022. Details are summarized as follows:

	For the year ended		
	December 31, 202		
Legal reserve	\$	814,990	
Reversal of provision for special reserve	(<u>\$</u>	276,056)	
Cash dividends	\$	6,195,710	
Cash dividends per share (in dollars)	\$	8.0	

As of February 25, 2022, the appropriation of 2021 earnings stated above has not yet been resolved by the shareholders.

(18) Other equity items

A. Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2021		2020		
Balance at January 1	(\$	1,006,635) (\$	878,261)		
Recognised for the year					
Exchange differences on translation of					
the financial statements of foreign					
operations	(523,018) (111,229)		
Share of profit (loss) of associates					
accounted for under equity method	(46,284) (17,145)		
Other comprehensive loss recognised for					
the year	(569,302) (128,374)		
Balance at December 31	(\$	1,575,937) (\$	1,006,635)		

B. Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

	I	For the years end	ded Dece	December 31,	
		2021	2020		
Balance at January 1	\$	173,308	\$	30,970	
Recognised for the year					
Unrealised gain or loss					
Equity instruments		766,066		132,470	
Share of profit (loss) of associates					
accounted for under equity method		67,858		40	
Other comprehensive income		833,924		132,510	
Realized gain or loss					
Transfer of valuation adjustments to					
retained earnings		11,435		-	
Transfer of valuation adjustments to					
retained earnings - share of profit of					
associates accounted for under equity					
method				9,828	
Other comprehensive income		11,435		9,828	
Balance at December 31	\$	1,018,667	\$	173,308	

C. Unearned employee benefits compensation

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2021			2020	
Balance at January 1	\$	1,477	\$	1,298	
Share of profit of associates accounted for					
under equity method				179	
Balance at December 31	\$	1,477	\$	1,477	

(19) Non-controlling interest

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2021	2020	
Balance at January 1	\$	636,267 \$	577,361	
Profit for the year		57,139	55,032	
Exchange differences on translation of the				
financial statements of foreign operations	(32,010) (12,782)	
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(90)	65	
Increase in non-controlling interests arising				
from decrease in investment in subsidiaries		71,780	53,634	
Decrease in non-controlling interests arising				
from increase in investment in subsidiaries	(121,483) (20,708)	
Increase in non-controlling interests arising				
from acquisition of subsidiaries		3,774	-	
Cash dividends distributed by subsidiaries	(25,675) (11,443)	
Employees' holding outstanding vesting share options related to non-controlling interests	· ·	, , ,	, ,	
issued by subsidiaries		-	93	
Liquidation of subsidiaries	(79,438) (4,985)	
Balance at December 31	\$	510,264 \$	636,267	

(20) Operating revenue

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2021		2020
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	58,622,050	\$	51,119,408

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue mainly from the transfer of goods and services at a point in time in the following major product lines:

For the year ended Dec	cember 31, 2021						
	Industrial Interest of Things Services	Boards and Design-in Services	Allied Design Manufacture Services	Intelligent Services	Advantech Service Plus		
	(IIoT)	(EIoT)	(ACG & CIoT)	(SIoT)	(AS+)	Others	Total
Department revenue	\$ 19,766,523	\$ 14,186,762	\$ 12,452,817	\$ 5,198,146	\$ 6,967,843	\$ 49,959	\$ 58,622,050
For the year ended Dec	cember 31, 2020						
	Industrial Interest	Boards and	Allied Design				
	of Things	Design-in	Manufacture	Intelligent	Advantech		
	Services	Services	Services	Services	Service Plus		
	(IIoT)	(EIoT)	(ACG & CIoT)	(SIoT)	(AS+)	Others	Total
Department revenue	\$ 16,191,623	\$ 12,203,098	\$ 12,317,394	\$ 4,326,132	\$ 5,807,735	\$ 273,426	\$ 51,119,408

B. Contract liabilities

The Group recognised contract liabilities related to the contract revenue from sales and warranty amounting to \$950,692, \$757,052 and \$819,718 as of December 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and January 1, 2020, respectively.

(21) Other income

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2021		2020
Rental income	\$	28,956	\$	16,695
Dividend income		185,473		99,326
Others (Note)		159,564		96,809
	\$	373,993	\$	212,830

Note: For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group received government grants of \$23,613 and \$26,699 for its engagement in a government's project, respectively. In addition, the expenses or losses incurred which were covered by government grants amounted to \$1,990 and \$128,549 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and were deducted from the recorded expenses.

(22) Other gains and losses

	For the years ended December 31,			
	2021		2020	
Gains (losses) on disposal of property, plant				
and equipment	\$	58,183 (\$	25,293)	
Gains (losses) on disposals of investments		1,426 (574)	
Currency exchange losses	(81,965) (37,298)	
Gains on financial assets / liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss		131,863	8,571	
Impairment loss	(292,574) (245,917)	
Others	(11,746) (6,003)	
	(\$	194,813) (\$	306,514)	

(23) Finance costs

	Fo	mber 31,		
		2021		2020
Interest expense on bank borrowings	\$	1,135	\$	3,102
Interest expense on lease liabilities		13,614		14,508
Others		919		2,566
	\$	15,668	\$	20,176

(24) Expenses by nature

A. Depreciation and amortization expenses

	For the years ended December 31,			
	2021			2020
Depreciation categorised by function		_		_
Operating costs	\$	203,602	\$	163,859
Operating expenses		624,566		628,949
	\$	828,168	\$	792,808
Amortization of intangible assets categorised by function				
Operating costs	\$	1,683	\$	2,173
Operating expenses		267,020		173,221
	\$	268,703	\$	175,394
B. Employee benefit expense				
		For the years end	led Dec	ember 31,
	· ·	2021		2020
Short-term employee benefits	\$	10,633,970	\$	9,623,485
Post-employment benefits				
Defined contribution plan		376,970		261,640
Defined benefit plan		9,924		9,349
		386,894		270,989
Share-based payment				
Equity-settled		291,468		365,418
Other employee benefits		662,645		583,428
Total employee benefit expense	\$	11,974,977	\$	10,843,320
An analysis of employee benefits expense by function				
Operating costs	\$	2,637,048	\$	2,324,796
Operating expenses		9,337,929		8,518,524
	\$	11,974,977	\$	10,843,320

(a) In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Company accrues employees' compensation at the rate of no less than 5% and directors' remuneration at the rate of no higher than 1%, of net profit before income tax. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, employees' compensation and the directors' remuneration were accrued based on a certain percentage of net profit after income tax. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expense.

	For the years ended December 31,						
		-	2020				
Employees' compensation	\$	600,000	\$	570,000			
Directors' remuneration	\$	13,600	\$	11,700			

- (b) Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration for 2020 as resolved by the Board of Directors on March 5, 2021 were in agreement with those amounts recognised in the 2020 financial statements.
- (c) Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(25) Income taxes

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,						
	-	2021		2020			
Current income tax:							
Current tax on profits for the year	\$	1,963,510	\$	1,667,102			
Additional tax on unappropriated earnings		50,133		18,219			
Difference between prior years' income tax							
estimation and assessed results		17,487	(63,249)			
Total current tax		2,031,130		1,622,072			
Deferred income tax:							
Origination and reversal of temporary							
differences	(83,151)		203,302			
Income tax expense	\$	1,947,979	\$	1,825,374			

(b) Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income

	For the years ended December 31,						
		2021	2020				
Translation of foreign operations	(\$	142,326) (\$	32,093)				
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(790) (4,385)				
	(<u>\$</u>	143,116) (\$	36,478)				

B. Reconciliation between income tax expenses and accounting profit:

		For the years ended December 31,						
		2021		2020				
Profit before tax from continuing operations	\$	10,255,342	\$	9,128,361				
Income tax calculated based on profit before								
tax and statutory tax rate		2,562,853		2,148,955				
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation		1,650		709				
Tax exempt income by tax regulation	(155,121) (91,759)				
Additional tax on unappropriated earnings		50,133		18,219				
Land value increment tax		157		-				
Investment tax credits in the current year	(241,263) (182,882)				
Loss carryforwards which were not recognised as deferred tax assets previously and were								
used in the current year	(7,471)		_				
Temporary differences not recognised as	(7,171)						
deferred tax assets		842		517				
Taxable loss not recognised as deferred tax								
assets		-		1,704				
Difference between prior year's income tax								
estimation and assessed results		17,487 (63,249)				
Taxable temporary differences associated								
with investment in foreign subsidiaries not								
recognised as deferred tax assets	(270,454)		-				
Others	(10,834) (<u> </u>	6,840)				
Income tax expense	\$	1,947,979	\$	1,825,374				

C. Amounts of deferred income tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences and loss carryforwards are as follows:

	2021							
		January 1		ecognised in rofit or loss	-	Recognised in other omprehensive income	De	ecember 31
Deferred tax assets						_		
Temporary differences								
Unrealized profit from sales	\$	122,445	\$	18,564	\$	-	\$	141,009
Unrealized decline in value of								
inventories		84,639		50,180		-		134,819
Exchange differences on translation of								
the financial statements of foreign		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						207.212
operations		251,810		1,106		142,326		395,242
Loss carryforwards		28,521	(28,521)		-		-
Defined benefit pension plans		29,756		990		-		30,746
Unrealized foreign exchange losses		297		387		-		684
Unrealized provisions for warranty		31,036		1,994		-		33,030
Remeasurement of defined benefit								
obligations		52,680	(7,176)		790		46,294
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		4.4.1		0.64				1 205
in excess of allowable limit		441		864		-		1,305
Impairment loss		122.002		43,013		-		43,013
Others	φ.	122,002	Φ.	37,531	Φ.	142 116	Φ.	159,533
D. C	\$	723,627	\$	118,932	\$	143,116	\$	985,675
Deferred tax liabilities								
Temporary differences								
Undistributed earnings of subsidiaries	\$	2,046,029	\$	84,188	\$	-	\$	2,130,217
Remeasurement of defined benefit								
obligations		3,990		-		-		3,990
Exchange differences on translation of								
the financial statements of foreign				24)				
operations		3,697	(91)		-		3,606
Unrealized exchange gains		3,181	(2,771)		-		410
Property, plant and equipment								
depreciation difference between tax		4 15 4	,	1 021)				2 122
and financial report Intangible assets and goodwill		4,154	(1,021)		-		3,133
amortization difference between tax								
and financial report		73,562	(40,900)		_		32,662
Others		7,815	(3,624)		-		4,191
	\$	2,142,428	\$	35,781	\$		\$	2,178,209

	2020							
			Recognised					
			ъ			in other		
		January 1		ecognised in rofit or loss	cc	omprehensive income	D	ecember 31
Deferred tax assets	-	•						
Temporary differences								
Unrealized profit from sales	\$	139,085	(\$	16,640)	\$	_	\$	122,445
Unrealized decline in value of	·	,		, ,	·		·	,
inventories		89,225	(4,586)		-		84,639
Exchange differences on translation of								
the financial statements of foreign								
operations		219,717		_		32,093		251,810
Loss carryforwards		35,130	(6,609)		-		28,521
Defined benefit pension plans		17,026		12,730		-		29,756
Unrealized foreign exchange losses		3,533	(3,236)		-		297
Unrealized provisions for warranty		35,018	(3,982)		-		31,036
Remeasurement of defined benefit								
obligations		48,295		_		4,385		52,680
Allowance for uncollectible accounts								
in excess of allowable limit		291		150		-		441
Financial assets at fair value through								
profit or loss		420	(420)		-		-
Others		102,472		19,530				122,002
	\$	690,212	(\$	3,063)	\$	36,478	\$	723,627
Deferred tax liabilities								
Temporary differences								
Undistributed earnings of subsidiaries	\$	1,788,569	\$	257,460	\$	-	\$	2,046,029
Remeasurement of defined benefit								
obligations		3,990		-		-		3,990
Exchange differences on translation of								
the financial statements of foreign								
operations		3,865	(168)		-		3,697
Unrealized exchange gains		2		3,179		-		3,181
Property, plant and equipment								
depreciation difference between tax								
and financial report		4,077		77		-		4,154
Intangible assets and goodwill								
amortization difference between tax								
and financial report		141,095	(67,533)		=		73,562
Others		591		7,224				7,815
	\$	1,942,189	\$	200,239	\$		\$	2,142,428

D. Unused carryforwards for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognised in the consolidated balance sheets:

	Decemb	December 31, 2020		
Expriy in 2021	\$	-	\$	11,377
Expriy in 2030		8,043		8,521
Expiry in 2033-2039				21,098
	\$	8,043	\$	40,996

E. Information about unused investment tax credits and amounts of unrecognised deferred income tax assets are as follows:

	D	ecember 31, 2	021		
Tax credit source		emaining lit amount	Expiry year		
Research and development expenditures	<u>\$</u>	11,085	\$	11,085	Note
	D	ecember 31, 2	020		
Tax credit source		emaining lit amount	ecognised red income x assets	Expiry year	
Research and development expenditures	\$	8,405	\$	8,405	Note

Note: May select to get the amount of tax credit up to 15% of the research and development expenses, applied to the current year profit-seeking enterprise income tax payable or tax credit up to 10% of the research and development expenses, applied to the annual profit-seeking enterprise income tax payable for three years, starting from the current year.

- F. The Group did not recognise taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries as deferred income tax liabilities. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the amounts of temporary differences unrecognised as deferred income tax liabilities were \$332,188 and \$61,734, respectively.
- G. The Company's income tax returns through 2019 have been assessed and approved by the tax authority.

(26) Earnings per share

Unit: expressed in dollars per share

	For	led December 31,		
	2	.021		2020
Basic earnings per share	\$	10.67	\$	9.40
Diluted earnings per share	\$	10.51	\$	9.27

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding in the computation of earnings per share were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2021		2020		
Earnings used in the computation of basic	\$	8,250,224	\$	7,247,955		
earnings per share	Φ	0,230,224	φ	1,241,933		
Earnings used in the computation of diluted						
earnings per share	\$	8,250,224	\$	7,247,955		

Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (in thousand shares)

	For the years ended	December 31,
	2021	2020
Weighted average number of ordinary shares		
used in the computation of basic earnings		
per share	773,018	771,264
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential		
ordinary shares		
Employee share options	9,833	8,268
Employees' compensation	1,791	2,003
Weighted average number of ordinary shares		_
used in the computation of diluted earnings		
per share	784,642	781,535

(27) Transactions with non-controlling interest

- A. The following transactions were accounted for as equity transactions, since the Group did not cease to have control over these subsidiaries.
 - (a) In the first quarter of 2020, the Group acquired 30% equity interest in AIH, which increased the Group's equity investment in AIH from 70% to 100%.
 - (b) In the first and second quarter of 2020 and the fourth quarter of 2021, the Group sold 3.42%, 1.58% and 11% of its equity interest in LNC, which decreased the Group's equity investment in LNC from 64.10% to 48.10%.
 - (c) In the second quarter of 2020, the Group did not participate in the cash capital increase of AMX proportionately, which decreased the Group's equity investment in AMX from 100% to 60%.
 - (d) In the third quarter of 2020, the Group acquired 20% equity of ABR, which increased the Group's equity investment in ABR from 80% to 100%.
 - (e) In the first quarter of 2021, the Group acquired 20% equity interest in ATJ, which increased the Group's equity investment in ATJ from 78.61% to 98.61%. And in the third quarter of 2021, the Group acquired another 1.39% equity interest in ATJ, which increased the Group's equity investment in ATJ from 98.61% to 100%.
 - (f) In the second quarter of 2021, the Group did not participate in the cash capital increase of Huan Yan Water Solution Co., Ltd. proportionately, which decreased the Group's equity investment in Huan Yan Water Solution Co., Ltd. from 100% to 90%.

B. The effect of changes in the equity attributable to shareholders of the parent is shown below:

	For the year ended December 31, 2021							
						uan Yan		
		ATJ		LNC		er Solution o., Ltd.	Т	'otal
Cash consideration received (paid)	(\$	128,435) \$			3,000		33,312)
The proportionate share of the carrying amount of the net assets of the subisidiary transferred to (from) non-controlling interests		121,483		68,99		2,785)		49,703
Difference between consideration		121,103		00,77	<u> </u>			19,703
and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed	(<u>\$</u>	6,952) <u>\$</u>	23,12	<u>8</u> <u>\$</u>	215	\$	16,391
Line items adjusted for equity transact	ions							
Capital surplus - changes in ownership interests of subsidiaries	\$		\$		- \$	215	\$	215
Capital surplus - difference between consideration and carrying amount	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	23,12	8 \$		\$	23,128
of subsidiaries acquired or disposed Unappropriated retained earnings	(\$	3,401) \$		- \$	_	(\$	3,401)
Exchange differences on translation	(Ψ	3,101	, ψ		Ψ		(Ψ	3,101)
of foreign financial statements	(<u>\$</u>	3,551) \$		<u>-</u> \$		(\$	3,551)
		F	or tl	ne year ende	ed Decei	mber 31, 20)20	
		LNC			AMX	ABR		Total
Cash consideration received (paid)	\$	26,919 (\$		4,554) \$	9,816	(\$ 59,9	30) (\$	27,749)
The proportionate share of the carrying amount of the net assets of the subsidiaries transferred to								
(from) non - controlling interests	(26,583)		2,481 (27,051	18,2	<u>27</u> (32,926)
Differences recognised from equity transactions	\$	336 (\$		2,073) (\$	17,235	(\$ 41,7	03) (\$	60,675)
Line items adjusted for equity transactions Capital surplus - difference between consideration and carrying amount								
of subsidiaries acquired or disposed Capital surplus - changes in	\$	336 \$		- \$	-	(\$ 9,0	14) (\$	8,678)
ownership interests of subsidiaries		-		- (4,554	•	- (4,554)
Unappropriated retained earnings	Φ.	<u> </u>		2,073) (<u> </u>	12,681			47,443)
	\$	336 (\$	1	2,073) (\$	17,235) (\$ 41,7	03) (\$	60,675)

(28) Business combinations

A. The Group plans to expand the smart retail market in mainland China and decided to acquire AYL on May 31, 2020. The Group originally held AYL 45%, and increased its ownership to 100%.

B. Consideration of acquisition

	AYL
\$	5,071
	1,627
\$	6,698
	AYL
\$	2,347
	959
	232
	93
(11)
(3)
\$	3,617
	AYL
\$	6,698
(3,617)
\$	3,081
	\$ \$ ((<u>\$</u>

E. Net cash outflows due to acquisition of subsidiary

	AYL		
Consideration paid in cash	\$	5,071	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents acquired	(2,347)	
- · ·	\$	2,724	

F. Effects on operating results due to business combination

Operating results of the acquired subsidiary starting from the acquisition date is as follows:

		For the year ended		
		December 31, 2020		
	_	AYL		
Operating revenue	\$	5 1		
Loss for the year	<u>(</u> \$	1,832)		

(29) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

					2021			
		Short-borrov		Lease	e liabilit	ies		Total
At January 1		\$	184,078	\$	309	,031 \$		493,109
Changes in cash flow from financing activities			90,830	(248	,716) (157,886)
Others (Note)		(19,208)	`		,710) (237,883
At December 31		<u> </u>	255,700	\$,406 \$		573,106
		hort-term	Lone		20	2002		
		orrowings	•	g-term owings		ease oilities		Total
At January 1	\$	250,678	\$	44,089	\$	441,756	\$	736,523
Changes in cash flow from		•		ŕ		•		,
financing activities	(65,200)	(42,393)	(239,314)	(346,907)
Others (Note)	(1,400)	(1,696)		106,589		103,493
At December 31	\$	184,078	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	309,031	\$	493,109

Note: Including exchange differences, lease modification and new addition of lease contracts.

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company has no ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling party.

(2) Names of related parties and relationship

Transactions, balances, revenue and expenses between the Company and its subsidiaries (which are the Company's related parties) have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this footnote. Details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed below.

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group			
Axiomtek Co., Ltd.	Associate			
AIMobile Co., Ltd.	Associate			
Deneng Scientific Research Co., Ltd.	Associate			
Winmate Inc.	Associate			
AzureWave Technologies, Inc.	Associate			
Nippon RAD Inc.	Associate			
Shanghai Yanle Co., Ltd.	Associate (the subsidiary of the Group starting			
	from June 2020)			
i-Link Co., Ltd.	Associate			
DotZero Co., Ltd.	Associate			
Mildex Optical Inc.	Associate			
CDIB Capital Innovation Accelerator Co., Ltd.	Associate			

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group		
Information Technology Total Services Co., Ltd.	Associate		
Hwacom Systems Inc.	Associate		
Smasoft Technology Co., Ltd.	Associate		
Impelex Data Transfer Co., Ltd.	Associate		
VSO Electronics Co., Ltd.	Associate		
VSO Electronics (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Associate		
International Integrated System, Inc.	Associate		
VSO Electronics (Jian) Co., Ltd.	Associate		
Freedom System Inc.	Associate		
iSAP Solution Corp.	Associate		
K&M Investment Co., Ltd.	Other related party		
AIDC Investment Corp.	Other related party		
Advantech Foundation	Other related party		

(3) Significant related party transactions

Tran-Fei Development Co., Ltd.

A. Operating revenue

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2021			2020		
Associates	\$	129,483	\$	116,275		
Other related parties		5,467		4,527		
	\$	134,950	\$	120,802		

Other related party

The terms of sales to associates and other related parties are mainly processed and collected according to the general sales prices and conditions, and partial transactions are based on mutual agreement.

B. <u>Purchases</u>

	For the years ended December 31,			
	2021		2020	
Associates	\$	383,235	\$	288,228

The terms of purchases from associates are based on product type, market competition conditions and other transaction conditions, and are payable according to the general purchase price and conditions or based on mutual agreement.

C. Receivables due from related parties (excluding loans to related parties)

	Decem	ber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Accounts receivable - related parties Associates Other related parties	\$	37,920	\$	28,750
Concernation Provides		37,920		28,750
Other receivables - related parties				
Associates		-		3,018
Other related parties				1,615
		-		4,633
	\$	37,920	\$	33,383

The outstanding receivables due from related parties are unsecured and there were no allowances for uncollectible accounts recognised.

D. Payables to related parties (excluding loans from related parties)

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Notes and accounts payable - related parties				
Associates	\$	95,481	\$	46,360
Other payables - related parties				
Associates	\$	3,808	\$	_

The outstanding payables to related parties are unsecured.

E. Prepayments to related parties

	Decem	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Other current assets					
Associates	\$	34,370	\$	36,286	

F. Property transactions

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2021		2020	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment					
Associates	\$	182	\$		

G. Other related party transactions

(a) Operating expenses

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2021			2020		
Selling expense Associates	\$	65	\$	185		
General and administration expense Associates	\$	3,288	\$	_		

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2021		2020	
Research and development expense					
Associates	\$	6,669	\$	9,805	

Main expense transactions between the Group and related parties include research and development expenses, cloud storage access fee and information security consulting fee, etc. Except for charges based on agreed remuneration and payment terms under the contracts, the other payment terms were based on mutual agreement when normal payment terms with related parties were not stipulated.

(b) Other income

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2021	20)20	
Rental income					
Associates	\$	- \$	3	244	
Other related parties		1,431		289	
	\$	1,431	6	533	
Other income					
Associates	\$	600 \$	8	-	
Other related parties		4,952		3,452	
-	\$	5,552	6	3,452	

Lease contracts between the Group and its associates were based on market rental prices and had normal payment terms. Revenue contracts for technical services between the Group and its associates were based on market prices and had payment terms as stipulated in the contracts. For other transactions with related parties, since normal payment terms with related parties were not stipulated, the payment terms were based on mutual agreement.

(4) Key management compensation

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2021		2020
Short-term employee benefits	\$	37,320	\$	44,078
Post-employment benefits		466		162
Share-based payment		32,045		26,123
	\$	69,831	\$	70,363

The remuneration of directors and key executives was determined by the remuneration committee based on the performance of individuals and market trends.

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Decem	ber 31, 2021	Decem	ber 31, 2020
Pledged deposits (classified as financial assets at				
amortised cost)	\$	9,810	\$	2,307
Demand deposits (classified as other non-current				
assets)		2,067		
	\$	11,877	\$	2,307

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

The Group has signed a contract amounting to \$978,340 for the construction of Linkou Smart Campus Phase III, but has not recognised capital expenditures as of December 31, 2021.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

Please refer to Note 6(17). 6.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or borrow debt to balance the overall capital structure. The Group monitors capital structure based on the calculation of net debt (borrowings offset by cash and cash equivalents) divided by total equity (comprising issued capital, reserves, retained earnings, other equity, and non-controlling interests).

During 2021, the Group's strategy was to maintain the ratio within reasonable range, which was unchanged from 2020.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	Dec	December 31, 2021		ember 31, 2020
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or lo	SS			
Financial assets mandatorily measured at				
fair value through profit or loss	\$	3,670,399	\$	5,571,100
Financial assets at amortised cost (Note 1)		19,829,494		16,497,097
Financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income				
Equity instruments		2,516,420		1,814,233
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or				
loss				
Financial liabilities held for trading		2,687		21,044
Financial assets at amortised cost (Note 2)		12,330,167		8,438,890
Lease liabilities		317,406		309,031

- Note 1: The balances included cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortised cost current, notes receivable, accounts receivable, accounts receivable related parties, other receivables, other receivables related parties and refundable deposits, etc.
- Note 2: The balances included short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable and other payables, etc.

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's major financial instruments included equity investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable, borrowings and lease liabilities. The Group's Corporate treasury provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk, and liquidity risk.
- (b) The Group aims to minimize the effects of these risks by using derivative financial instruments to hedge risk exposures. The use of financial derivatives was governed by the Group's policies approved by the Board of Directors, which provided written principles on foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, the use of financial derivatives and non-derivative financial instruments, and the investment of excess liquidity. Compliance with policies and exposure limits was reviewed by the internal auditors on a continuous basis. The Group did not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

(c) The Corporate Treasury reports quarterly to the Board of Directors on the Group's current derivative instrument management.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

The Group is primarily exposed to financial risks due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates (refer to exchange rate risk section) and interest rates (refer to interest rate risk section) arising from its operating activities.

The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to manage its foreign exchange risk.

There had been no change to the Group's financial instruments exposure to market risks and the manner in which these risks were managed and measured.

Exchange rate risk

- i. The Group undertook operating activities and investments in foreign operations denominated in foreign currencies, which exposed the Group to foreign currency risk. The Group manages the risk that fluctuations in foreign currency could have on foreign-currency denominated assets and future cash flow by entering into forward foreign exchange contracts, which allow the Group to mitigate but not fully eliminate the effect.
- ii. The maturities of the Group's forward foreign exchange contracts were less than six months. These forward foreign exchange contracts did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting and were recognised in financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Please refer to Note 6(2).
- iii. The Group's significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies and the related exchange rates between foreign currencies and respective functional currencies were as follows:

	December 31, 2021				
		ign currency amount			Book value
	(in	thousands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)
(Foreign currency:					
functional currency)					
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	\$	232,844	27.680	\$	6,445,113
CNY:NTD		474,777	4.344		2,062,431
EUR:NTD		46,597	31.320		1,459,425
USD:CNY		61,784	6.3720		1,710,185
USD:EUR		32,969	0.8838		912,581
Financial liabilities Monetary items					
USD:NTD		142,040	27.680		3,931,655
CNY:NTD		246,929	4.344		1,072,659
USD:CNY		28,249	6.3720		781,942
USD:EUR		17,922	0.8838		496,073
			December 31, 2020		
	Fore	ign currency			
		amount			Book value
	(in	thousands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)
(Foreign currency:					
functional currency)					
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	\$	168,258	28.48	\$	4,791,975
CNY:NTD		582,773	4.377		2,550,799
EUR:NTD		18,622	35.02		652,155
USD:CNY		29,288	6.51		834,116
Financial liabilities Monetary items		, , ,			, ,
USD:NTD		88,499	28.48		2,520,439
CNY:NTD		220,322	4.377		964,347
USD:CNY		23,588	6.507		671,786
		•			· ·

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, realised and unrealised net foreign exchange gains (losses) were (\$81,965) and (\$37,298), respectively. It is impractical to disclose net foreign exchange gains (losses) by each significant foreign currency due to the variety of the foreign currency transactions and functional currencies of the group entities.

- iv. The Group was mainly exposed to the exchange rate fluctuation of USD, EUR and CNY.
- v. The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase in New Taiwan dollars (i.e., the functional currency) against the relevant foreign currencies. The sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and representing management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates is 5%. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and foreign exchange forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges, and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in exchange rates. The range of the sensitivity analysis included cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. A positive number below indicates an increase in pre-tax profit associated with New Taiwan dollar weakening 5% against the relevant currency. For a 5% strengthening of the New Taiwan dollar against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on pre-tax profit, and the balances below would be negative.

		USD Impact (Note)				
	For the years ended December 31,					
		2021	2020			
Profit or loss	\$	194,031	\$	117,418		
	EUR Impa					
	For the years ended December 31,					
	2021			2020		
Profit or loss	\$	91,522	\$	8,864		
	CNY Impact (Note)					
	For the years end			led December 31,		
	2021			2020		
Profit or loss	\$	35,022	\$	421,604		

Note: This was mainly attributable to the exposure outstanding on USD, EUR and CNY denominated cash, receivables and payables, which were not hedged at the balance sheet date.

Interest rate risk

i. The Group is exposed to interest rate risk because entities in the Group maintain both floating and fixed interest rates of bank deposits and borrowings. The Group does not operate hedging instruments for interest rates. The Group's management monitors the market interest rates regularly. If it is needed, the management might perform necessary procedures for significant interest rate risks to control the risks from fluctuations in market interest rates. ii. The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the balance sheet date were as follows:

	Decer	mber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Fair value interest rate risk					
- Financial assets	\$	738,613	\$	1,936,135	
- Financial liabilities		493,106		467,031	
Cash flow interest rate risk					
- Financial assets		8,121,227		4,648,178	
- Financial liabilities		80,000		26,078	

- iii. The sensitivity analyses below were determined based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the balance sheet date. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the balance sheet date was outstanding for the whole period. A 50-basis point increase or decrease was used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.
- iv. If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have increased by \$40,206 and \$23,111, respectively. Had interest rates been 50 basis points lower, the effects on the Group's pre-tax profit would have decreased for the same amounts. The source of the negative effects would have been mainly the floating-interest rates on bank deposits and borrowings.

Other price risk

- i. The Group was exposed to equity price risk through its investments in listed and OTC equity securities. The Group manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risks. The Group's equity price risk was mainly concentrated on equity instruments trading in Taiwan.
- ii. If equity prices had been 1% higher, pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have increased by \$3,207 and \$4,690, respectively, as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, and the pre-tax other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have increased by \$25,164 and \$18,142, respectively, as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. Had equity prices been 1% lower for the same year, the pre-tax profit and other comprehensive income would have decreased by the same respective amounts.
- iii. The Group's sensitivity to equity prices increased or decreased because of volatility of stock.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. As at balance sheet date, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure of counterparties to discharge an obligation provided by the Group could arise from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets, as stated in the balance sheets.
- ii. Accounts receivable consisted of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas and, thus, no concentration of credit risk was observed. According to the Group's credit policy, each entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the custromers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risks limits are set based on internal or external ratings. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The average credit period of the sales of goods was 30-90 days. No interest was charged on accounts receivable. In order to minimize credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determining credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at balance sheet date to ensure that adequate allowance is made for possible irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management believes the Group's credit risk was significantly reduced.
- iv. The Group measures the loss allowance for accounts receivable at an amount that equals to lifetime expected credit losses. The expected credit losses on accounts receivable are estimated using a provision matrix prepared by reference to the past default experience of the customer, the customer's current financial position, economic condition of the industry in which the customer operates, expected economic growth rate and industry trends at the same time. According to the Group's historical experience of credit loss, there is no significant loss difference between customer types, thus the provision matrix did not based on classification of customer types, but based on the past due days to estimate expected credit loss.
- v. If there is evidence to prove that counterparties have a material financial difficulty and the recoverable amount cannot be estimated reliably, for example, the default occurs when counterparties are processing the liquidation or the debt has been past due over 1 year, the Group will provide impairment loss in full. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights, the recovered amount arising

from the recourse procedures will be recognised in profit or loss.

vi. The Group refers to the forecast ability of global economic indicators to adjust the loss rate which is based on historical and current information when assessing the future default possibility of notes and accounts receivable from general credit conditions customers. The provision matrix as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

		1~ 90	91~ 180	181~ 360	Over	
		days	days	days	360 days	
	Not past due	past due	past due	past due	past due	Total
<u>December 31, 2021</u>						
Expected credit loss						
rate	-	0%~30%	10%~40%	20%~60%	100%	
Total book value	\$ 9,547,123	\$ 687,824	\$ 26,973	\$ 22,423	\$ 43,743	\$10,328,086
Loss allowance						
(lifetime expected		(10.470)	(0.260)	(10.591)	(42.742)	(74.062)
credit losses)		(10,470)	(9,269)	·	(43,743)	(74,063)
Amortised cost	\$ 9,547,123	\$ 677,354	\$ 17,704	\$ 11,842	<u> </u>	\$10,254,023
		1~ 90	91~ 180	181~ 360	Over	
		days	days	days	360 days	
	Not past due	past due	past due	past due	past due	Total
December 31, 2020						
Expected credit loss						
rate	-	2.79%	15.53%	49.91%	100%	
Total book value	\$ 8,023,754	\$ 707,623	\$ 43,446	\$ 6,961	\$ 44,511	\$ 8,826,295
Loss allowance						
(lifetime expected		(10.776)	(6,749)	(2.474)	(44,511)	(74.510)
credit losses)	<u> </u>	(19,776)	` 	` 		(74,510)
Amortised cost	\$ 8,023,754	\$ 687,847	\$ 36,697	\$ 3,487	\$ -	\$ 8,751,785

vii. The Group individually assesses the customers that have low credit rating and default. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the carrying amount of notes and accounts receivable amounted to \$784 and \$0, respectively, and the expected credit loss rate is 100%, the Group has provided loss allowance amounting to \$784 and \$0, respectively.

viii. The movements of the loss allowance of accounts receivable is as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,							
		2021	2020					
Balance at January 1	\$	74,510 \$	87,301					
Impairment loss		3,857 (10,608)					
Amounts written off (Note)	(44) (2,445)					
Net exchange differences	(3,476)	262					
Balance at December 31	\$	74,847 \$	74,510					

Note: The Group wrote off accounts receivable and related loss allowance for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 amounting to \$44 and \$2,445, respectively,

as the customers' accounts receivable have been aged more than 2 years and the legal attest letters were served without receivables collected.

ix. For investments in debt instruments at amortised cost and at fair value through profit or loss, the credit rating levels are presented below:

		December 31, 2021								
		Life	etime							
	12 months	Significant increase in credit risk	Impairment of credit	Total						
Financial assets at amortized cost	\$ 113,548	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 113,548						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 36,975	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>	\$ 36,975						
		December	r 31, 2020							
		Life	etime							
	12 4	Significant increase	Impairment	T. 4.1						
	12 months	in credit risk	of credit	Total						
Financial assets at amortized cost	\$ 162,602	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 162,602						

The financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group are all time deposits in banks with original maturity period of more than three months. The financial asset at fair value through profit or loss held by Group is convertible corporate bond issued by OTC company. The credit risk rating has no significant abnormal situation.

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.
- ii. The Group relies on bank borrowings as one of the significant source of liquidity. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group's undrawn bank borrowing facilities are as follows:

	Dece	December 31, 2021		mber 31, 2020
Unsecured borrowing facilities				
- Amount used (Note)	\$	262,148	\$	191,288
- Amount unused		5,340,662		6,666,617
	\$	5,602,810	\$	6,857,905
Secured bank overdraft facilities				
- Amount used	\$	_	\$	_

- Note: As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the amounts used or drawn by the Group from the unsecured bank overdraft facilities were recorded as borrowings amounting to \$255,700 and \$184,078, respectively, and lease guarantees amounting to \$6,448 and \$7,210, respectively.
- iii. Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves of bank borrowings facilities and continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows.
- iv. Liquidity and interest risk rate tables for non-derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables had been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables included both interest and principal cash flows. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause were included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities were based on agreed repayment dates.

To the extent that interest flows are at floating rate, the undiscounted amount was derived from the interest rate curve at balance sheet date.

December 31, 2021

	On	demand or			0	ver 3 months		
		less			Οī			
	th	an 1 month	_1	-3 months	to 1 year		Over 1 year	
Non-derivative financial								
<u>liabilities</u>								
Non-interest bearing								
liabilities	\$	8,532,804	\$	2,198,103	\$	1,343,560	\$	-
Lease liability		20,670		56,438		188,425		94,685
Floating rate instruments		30,065		50,073		-		-
Fixed rate instruments		7,033		58		168,956		_
	\$	8,590,572	\$	2,304,672	\$	1,700,941	\$	94,685

Additional information about the maturity analysis for lease liabilities is as follows:

	L	ess than										Over
		1 Year	1.	5 Years	5-1	10 Years	10-1	5 Years	15-20) Years	2	20 years
Lease liability	\$	265,533	\$	76,331	\$	18,354	\$	_	\$		\$	-

December 31, 2020

	On	demand or								
		less				Over 3 months				
	th	an 1 month	_1	1-3 months		to 1 year		er 1 year		
Non-derivative financial										
<u>liabilities</u>										
Non-interest bearing										
liabilities	\$	5,025,633	\$	2,078,394	\$	1,150,785	\$	-		
Lease liability		66,367		41,515		110,795		94,839		
Floating rate instruments		56		112		26,426		-		
Fixed rate instruments		47,632		110,441						
	\$	5,139,688	\$	2,230,462	\$	1,288,006	\$	94,839		

Additional information about the maturity analysis for lease liabilities is as follows:

	L	ess than										Over
		1 Year	1-	5 Years	5-1	10 Years	10-1	5 Years	15-20) Years	20) years
Lease liability	\$	218,677	\$	80,571	\$	14,268	\$		\$		\$	_

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities were subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ from those estimates of interest rates determined at balance sheet date.

v. Liquidity tables for derivative financial liabilities

The following tables detailed the Group's liquidity analysis for its derivative financial instruments. The tables were based on the undiscounted contractual gross cash inflows and outflows on derivative instruments that require gross settlement.

December 31, 2021

		or less n 1 month	1	-3 months	O	ver 3 months to 1 year	Total
Gross settled Forward exchange forward contracts							
- Inflows	\$	230,726	\$	392,111	\$	147,054 \$	769,891
- Outflows	(<u> </u>	226,608) 4,118	(<u> </u>	387,208) 4,903	(<u></u>	146,796) (258 \$	760,612) 9,279

December 31, 2020

	(demand or less n 1 month	_1	-3 months	Ov	ver 3 months to 1 year	Total
Gross settled Forward exchange forward contracts							
InflowsOutflows	\$	352,690 357,623)	\$	432,246 443,024)	\$ (265,203 \$ 270,446) (1,050,139 1,071,093)
	(\$	4,933)	(\$	10,778)	-	5,243) (\$	20,954)

vi. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis to be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount to be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the assets or liabilities take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
 - Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as price) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.
- B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value
 - The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, refundable deposits, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, other current liabilities, guarantee deposits received and lease liabilities are approximate to their fair values.
- C. The related information on financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

(a) The related information about the nature of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

December	31	2021
December	21.	4041

<u> </u>		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Total
Assets - recurring fair value		_		 		_
measurements						
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$ 11,966	\$ -	\$	11,966
Listed, OTC and emerging						
stocks		170,417	-	-		170,417
Unlisted stocks		-	-	150,310		150,310
Convertible corporate bonds		36,975	-	-		36,975
Fund beneficiary certificates		2,072,521	_	1,228,210		3,300,731
		2,279,913	11,966	1,378,520		3,670,399
Financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive						
income						
Listed, OTC and emerging						
stocks	\$	2,396,403	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,396,403
Unlisted stocks		_		120,017		120,017
		2,396,403	-	120,017		2,516,420
	\$	4,676,316	\$ 11,966	\$ 1,498,537	\$	6,186,819
Liabilities - recurring fair val	ue				-	
measurements						
Financial liabilities at fair value	<u> </u>					
through profit or loss						
Derivative instruments	\$	_	\$ 2,687	\$ _	\$	2,687

<u>December 31, 2020</u>					
		Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3	 Total
Assets - recurring fair value					
measurements					
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss					
Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$ 90	\$ -	\$ 90
Listed, OTC and emerging					
stocks		391,032	-	-	391,032
Unlisted stocks		-	-	77,950	77,950
Fund beneficiary certificates		5,102,028	 	 	 5,102,028
		5,493,060	90	 77,950	 5,571,100
Financial assets at fair value					
through other comprehensive					
income					
Listed, OTC and emerging					
stocks	\$	1,635,056	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,635,056
Unlisted stocks		_	 	 179,177	 179,177
		1,635,056	 	 179,177	 1,814,233
	\$	7,128,116	\$ 90	\$ 257,127	\$ 7,385,333
Liabilities - recurring fair valu	ie				 _
measurements					
Financial liabilities at fair value					
through profit or loss					
Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$ 21,044	\$ _	\$ 21,044

(b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

21 2020

i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	Listed and OTC		Convertible
	stocks	Open-end fund	corporate bonds
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net asset value	Closing price

- ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the financial reporting date.
- iii. For high-complexity financial instruments, the fair value is measured by using self-developed valuation model based on the valuation method and technique widely used within the same industry. The valuation model is normally applied to derivative financial instruments, debt

- instruments with embedded derivatives or securitised instruments. Certain inputs used in the valuation model are not observable at market, and the Group must make reasonable estimates based on its assumptions.
- vi. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- v. The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. herefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
- D. There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.
- E. Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments:

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	at	ancial assets fair value h profit or loss		inancial assets at fair value through other omprehensive income		
	Inv	restments in		Investments in		
Financial assets	equit	y instruments	_	equity instruments		Total
Balance at January 1	\$	77,950	\$	179,177	\$	257,127
Purchase		1,298,623		-		1,298,623
Disposal/transfer		-	(44,719)	(44,719)
Cash returned from capital						
reduction		-	(17,980)	(17,980)
Recognised in profit or loss		1,947		-		1,947
Recognised in other						
comprehensive income			_	3,539		3,539
Balance at December 31	\$	1,378,520	\$	120,017	\$	1,498,537

For the year ended December 31, 2020

	Fin	ancial assets	Fir	nancial assets at fair		
	a	t fair value	V	alue through other		
	throug	sh profit or loss	COI	mprehensive income		
	Inv	estments in		Investments in		
Financial assets	equit	y instruments	e	quity instruments		Total
Balance at January 1	\$	101,156	\$	149,830	\$	250,986
Purchase		3,679		44,719		48,398
Disposal/transfer	(6,782)	(4,597)	(11,379)
Recognised in profit or loss	(20,103)		-	(20,103)
Recognised in other						
comprehensive income			(10,775)	(10,775)
Balance at December 31	\$	77,950	\$	179,177	\$	257,127

F. Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 2 fair value measurement

Derivatives held by the Group were forward foreign exchange contracts, whose fair values were calculated using discounted cash flow. Future cash flows are estimated based on observable forward exchange rates at the end of the reporting period and contract forward rates, discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of various counterparties.

G. Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement fund

The domestic and foreign unlisted stocks and funds beneficiary certificates acquired by the
subsidiary use the net asset method, which calculates the present value of the investment expected
to be held with fair value.

(4) Others

A. Information on the impact of the Covid-19

The Group had implemented various response measures to handle the impact of the Covid-19, whereby all sites adopted high standards for epidemic prevention, and the main production sites maintained normal operations. In addition, the logistics units responded in different ways according to local government regulations, such as taking turns to work, reduction in attendance days, etc., holding meetings online as much as possible, minimizing visits and visitors in order to lessen physical contact and avoid the possibility of cross-contamination. So far, the Covid-19 did not have a significant impact on the Group's operations and financial condition.

B. Description of overall operating conditions

The Group's consolidated operating revenue reached NT\$15.744 billion for the three-month period ended December 31, 2021, a single quarter growth of 2% QoQ and 23% YoY. The operating profit was NT\$6 billion (gross profit margin was 38.1%), the consolidated net profit after tax was NT\$2.273 billion (increased 33% YoY), and the basic earnings per share was \$2.93 (in dollars) for the three-month period ended December 31, 2021. The cumulative consolidated operating revenue of the Group for the three-month period ended December 31, 2021 reached its record high. The consolidated net profit after tax for the three-month period ended December 31,

2021 also reached its second highest record.

The cumulative consolidated operating revenue of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2021 reached NT\$58.622 billion, an increase of 15% over the same period last year. The operating profit was NT\$22.132 billion (gross profit margin was 37.8%), the consolidated net profit after tax was NT\$8.25 billion (increased 14% YoY) and the basic earnings per share was \$10.67 (in dollars) for the year ended December 31, 2021. The cumulative consolidated operating revenue and the consolidated net profit after tax of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2021 both reached its record high.

Regarding the operating results of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2021 in US dollar, the Group achieved an overall revenue of US\$2,091 million, increased 21% YoY, beating previous estimates. The best performing business groups for the year ended December 31, 2021 were the Industrial-IoT Group (IIoT), the Service-IoT Group (SIoT) and Advantech Service Plus (AS+), which reported YoY growth of 29%, 27%, and 27%, respectively. However, the Applied Computing Group's (ACG) annual performance is slightly decline compare to year 2020. In terms of a geographic overview, most markets have reported YoY revenue growth for the year ended December 31, 2021. The best performing market for the year ended December 31, 2021 was China and Emerging market with 32% and 47% YoY growth, respectively. North America, Europe, Taiwan and South Korea markets were also reported double-digit YoY growth.

Benefitting from the strong demand for new energy and new-infra upgrade in major markets, the Group delivered outstanding financial results for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Orders to Shipments ratio (BB ratio) reached 1.72 for the three-month period ended December 31, 2021, while BB ratio for the year ended December 31, 2021 was 1.56. Meanwhile, the Group devoted in optimization in organization and procurement process.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

- (1) Significant transactions information
 - A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
 - B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
 - C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
 - D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding NT\$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 4.
 - E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
 - F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
 - G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-

in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.

- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 7.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Notes 6(2) and 12.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 8.

(2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 9.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 10.
- B. Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas:

Any of the significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third party, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses: Please refer to tables 6, 7 and 8.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 11.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker and for the assessment of segment performance, business analysis, and the resource deployment judgment. Reportable segments are as follows:

- A. Industrial internet of thing services (IIoT): Focus on the market of industrial internet-of-things;
- B. Embedded board and design-in services (EIoT): Provide services involving embedded boards, systems and peripheral hardware and software;
- C. Allied design manufacture services (Allied DMS): Including Networks and Communications, data acquisition and control, and provide the customized collaboration designs and services;
- D. Intelligent services (SIoT): Provide services involving digital logistic, digital healthcare and intelligent retail;
- E. Advantech Service Plus (AS+): Global repair, technical support and warranty services, etc.

(2) Measurement of segment information

The chief operating decision maker considers each service as separate operating segment. But for financial statements presentation purposes, these individual operating segments have been aggregated into a single operating segment, taking into account the following factors:

- A. These operating segments have similar long-term gross profit margins; and
- B. The nature of the products and production processes are similar.

The following is an analysis about reportable segment provided to the chief operating decision maker.

For the year ended December 31, 2021

		ustrial internet nings services (IIoT)		Embedded boards and design-in services (EIOT)		Allied design manufacture services (ACG & CIoT)		Intelligent Services (SIOT)		Advantech Service Plus (AS+)		Others		Total
Revenue														_
Revenue from external														
customers	\$	19,766,523	\$	14,186,762	\$	12,452,817	\$	5,198,146	\$	6,967,843	\$	49,959	\$	58,622,050
Inter-segment revenue														<u> </u>
Segment revenue	\$	19,766,523	\$	14,186,762	\$	12,452,817	\$	5,198,146	\$	6,967,843	\$	49,959		58,622,050
Eliminations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		<u>-</u>
Consolidated revenue		<u> </u>				<u> </u>						<u>-</u>		58,622,050
Segment income (loss)	\$	6,092,518	\$	2,506,751	\$	1,497,522	\$	428,391	\$	924,375	\$	1,297		11,450,854
Interest and other income														401,460
Other unamortized expenses													(1,650,431)
Other gains and losses													(194,813)
Finance costs													(15,668)
Share of profit (loss) of associ	ates a	ccounted for u	nder	equity method										263,940
Profit from continuing operati	ons b	efore tax											\$	10,255,342

For the year ended December 31, 2020

		Industrial internet of things services (IIoT)				Allied design manufacture services (ACG & CIoT)		Intelligent Services (SIOT)		Advantech Service Plus (AS+)		Others		Total
Revenue														
Revenue from external customers	\$	16,191,623	\$	12,203,098	\$	12,317,394	\$	4,326,132	\$	5,807,735	\$	273,426	\$	51,119,408
Inter-segment revenue														
Segment revenue	\$	16,191,623	\$	12,203,098	\$	12,317,394	\$	4,326,132	\$	5,807,735	\$	273,426		51,119,408
Eliminations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Consolidated revenue		<u> </u>								<u> </u>				51,119,408
Segment income (loss)	\$	4,856,163	\$	1,879,664	\$	2,700,299	\$	438,797	\$	773,883	\$	1,801		10,650,607
Interest and other income														252,462
Other unamortized expenses													(1,614,054)
Other gains and losses													(306,514)
Finance costs													(20,176)
Share of profit (loss) of associa	ates a	ccounted for u	nder	equity method										166,036
Profit from continuing operation	ons be	efore tax											\$	9,128,361

Segment profit represented the profit before tax earned by each segment without allocation of central administration costs and directors' salaries, share of profits of associates accounted for under equity method, gain or loss recognized on the disposal of associates, rental income, interest income, gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, gains or losses on disposal of financial instruments, exchange gains or losses, valuation gains or losses on financial instruments, finance costs and income tax expense. This was the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

(3) Revenue from major products and services

The following is an analysis of the Group's major products and services:

	 For the years end	led De	d December 31,			
	 2021		2020			
Embedded boards and chassis	\$ 25,410,695	\$	23,887,240			
Industrial computer and industrial control	26,238,637		21,424,703			
After-sales service and others	 6,972,718		5,807,465			
	\$ 58,622,050	\$	51,119,408			

(4) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

		Revenue from ex	terna	l customers	Non-current assets						
]	For the years end	led De	ecember 31,							
		2021		2020	Dece	mber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020				
Taiwan	\$	4,017,739	\$	3,382,825	\$	7,716,419	\$	7,617,422			
Asia		27,108,229		23,445,228		3,321,346		3,331,160			
USA		14,735,098		13,210,673		1,955,931		2,150,279			
Europe		9,136,963		8,466,292		684,504		779,631			
Others		3,624,021		2,614,390		10,497		13,202			
	\$	58,622,050	\$	51,119,408	\$	13,688,697	\$	13,891,694			

Non-current assets exclude investments accounted for under equity method, financial instruments and deferred income tax assets.

(5) Major customer information

No single customer contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

ADVANTECH CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Loans to others FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

					Maximum								Coll	ateral		
					Balance for										Limit on loans	Ceiling on total
			Financial Statement	Related	the Period	Ending Balance	Actual amount	Interest	Nature of	Amount of transactions	Reason for short-	Allowance for			granted to a single	loans granted
No.	Creditor	Borrower	Account	Parties	(Note C)	(Note C)	drawn down	rate	loan	with the borrower	term financing	doubtful accounts	Item	Value	party	(Note B)
1	LNC	LNC Dong	Accounts receivable -	Yes	\$ 70,000	\$ 30,000	\$ -		- Short-term	\$ -	Operating need	\$ -	None	None	\$ 39,978	\$ 159,911
		Guan	related parties						financing						(Note B)	(Note B)

Note A: Investee companies are numbered sequentially from 1.

Note B: The financing limit for each borrower and for the aggregate financing were 10% and 40%, respectively, of LNC's net worth based on the latest audited or reviewed report. Note C: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance are approved by the board of directors of financiers.

	Party being endorse	ed/guaranteed		Maximum								
			Limit on	outstanding	Outstanding		Amount of				Provision of	
			endorsements/	endorsement/	endorsement/		endorsements/		Ceiling on total amount of	Provision of	endorsements/	Provision of
			guarantees provided	guarantee amount as	guarantee		guarantees	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/	endorsements/	endorsements/	guarantees by	endorsements/
Endorser/		Relationship with the	for a single party	of December 31,	amount at	Actual amount	secured with	guarantee amount to net asset value	guarantees provided	guarantees by parent	subsidiary to parent	guarantees to the party
No. guarantor	Company name	endorser/guarantor	(Note A)	2021	December 31, 2021	drawn down	collateral	of the endorser/ guarantor company	(Note B)	company to subsidiary	company	in Mainland China
0 ADVANTECH CO., L		Subsidiary	\$ 3,785,253	\$ 570,700	\$ 553,600	-	\$ -	1.46	\$ 11,355,758	Y	N	Y
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. AEU	Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 20,000 285,350	USD 20,000 276,800	-		0.73	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. ANA	Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 10,000 851,700	USD 10,000 276,800	-		0.73	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. AAC(BVI)	Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 30,000 285,350	USD 10,000 276,800	-		0.73	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. ACI	Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 10,000 285,350	USD 10,000 276,800	-		0.73	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. ATJ	Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 10,000 272,000	USD 10,000 241,000	168,700		- 0.64	11,355,758	Y	N	N
,		•		JPY 1.000,000	JPY 1,000,000	JPY 700,000						
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. AKMC	Subsidiary	3,785,253	171,210 USD 6,000	166,080 USD 6,000	-		0.44	11,355,758	Y	N	Y
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. SIoT(Cayman)	Subsidiary	3,785,253	142,675 USD 5,000	138,400 USD 5,000	-		0.37	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. AJP	Subsidiary	3,785,253	369,000 JPY 1,500,000	361,500 JPY 1,500,000	-		0.96	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. AiCS	Subsidiary	3,785,253	85,605	83,040			0.22	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. AIH	Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 3,000 85,605	83,040	-		0.22	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. ABR	Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 3,000 42,803	USD 3,000 41,520	-		0.11	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. A-SIoT	Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 1,500 34,370		-		0.08	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. AVN	Subsidiary	3,785,253	EUR 1,000 28,535	EUR 1,000 27,680	-		- 0.07	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. ARU	Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 1,000 28,535	USD 1,000 27,680	_		- 0.07	11,355,758	Y	N	N
		•		USD 1,000	USD 1,000							
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. Cermate (Taiwan)	Subsidiary	3,785,253	28,535 USD 1,000	27,680 USD 1,000	7,000 NTD 7,000		- 0.07	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. Cermate (Shenzhen)	Subsidiary	3,785,253	28,535 USD 1,000	27,680 USD 1,000	-		0.07	11,355,758	Y	N	Y
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. ACZ	Subsidiary	3,785,253	14,268 USD 500	13,840 USD 500	-		0.04	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. ATR	Subsidiary	3,785,253	14,268 USD 500	13,840 USD 500	-		0.04	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. Advanixs Corporation	Subsidiary	3,785,253	14,268	13,840 USD 500	-		0.04	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. SioT (Cayman)	Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 500 141,950	13,840	-		0.04	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L		Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 5,000 5,707	USD 500 5,536	-		0.01	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	Corporation (Note E) AAU	Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 200 5,707	USD 200 5,536	-		0.01	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. AMY	Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 200 2,854	USD 200 2,768	-		- 0.01	11,355,758	Y	N	N
ADVANTECH CO., L	LTD. AKR	Subsidiary	3,785,253	USD 100 171,760	USD 100 1,384	-		- 0.00	11,355,758	Y	N	N
· · · ·		J	,:, - -	USD 6,050								

Note A: The limit on endorsements or guarantees provided on behalf of the respective party is 10% of the Company's net worth. Note B: The maximum collateral or guarantee amount allowable is 30% of the Company's net worth. Note C: The exchange rates as of December 31, 2021 were USD\$1= NT\$27.68, EUR\$1= NT\$31.32, and JPY1=NT\$0.241. Note D: The latest net equity is from the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021.

USD 6,050

USD 50

Note E: On July 12, 2021, ACI IOT Investment Fund-I Corporation filed for liquidation.

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Marketable Securities	Relationship with the			As of Decembe	r 31, 2021		
Holding Company Name	Туре	Name	securities issuer	General ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Stock	ASUSTek Computer Inc.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss - non-current	4,739,461 \$	1,782,037	0.64 \$	1,782,037	Note A
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Stock	Allied Circuit Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss - non-current	1,200,000	199,200	2.41	199,200	Note A
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Bond	PHISON Electronics Corp.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	300,000	36,975	-	36,975	Note A
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Beneficiary certificates	s FSITC Taiwan Money Market	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	56,818,161	879,050	-	879,050	Note B
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Beneficiary certificates	s Mega Diamond Money Market	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	12,074,507	153,076	-	153,076	Note B
ACI	Stock	Contec	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	26,500	11,949	0.41	11,949	Note A
ACI	Stock	GSD Technologies Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	2,518,358	158,468	6.91	158,468	Note A
ACI	Stock	RFD Micro Electricity Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	464,695	56,000	0.65	56,000	Note C
ACI	Stock	Allied Circuit Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss - non-current	2,501,000	415,166	5.03	415,166	Note A
ACI	Stock	BroadTec System Inc.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss - non-current	225,000	3,758	7.50	3,758	Note C
ACI	Stock	BiosenseTek Corp.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss - non-current	37,500	_	1.79	-	Note C
ACI	Stock	Juguar Technology	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss - non-current	500,000	8,509	10.33	8,509	Note C
ACI	Beneficiary certificates	s Taishin 1699 Money Market	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	19,053,819	260,630	-	260,629	Note B
ACI	Beneficiary certificates	s FSITC Taiwan Money Market	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	18,767,576	290,359	-	290,359	Note B
ACI		Fuh Hwa Global IoT and Tech	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	30,000,000	336,600	-	336,600	Note B
ACI	Mutual Fund	CBC Capital	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	94,310	4.38	94,310	Note B
Advanixs Corporation	Beneficiary certificates	s Jih Sun Money Market	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	6,466,890	96,920	-	96,920	Note B
Advanixs Corporation	Beneficiary certificates	s Mega Diamond Money Market	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,935,221	24,534	-	24,534	Note B
AdvanPOS	Beneficiary certificates	s Mega Diamond Money Market	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	387,142	5,802	-	5,802	Note B
Huan Yan Water Solution Co., Ltd.	Beneficiary certificates	s Jih Sun Money Market	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,371,115	20,549	-	20,549	Note B
Cermate Taiwan	Beneficiary certificates	s Mega Diamond Money Market	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	394,521	5,002	-	5,002	Note B
SIoT (Cayman)	Beneficiary certificates	s Momenta DIF III L.P.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	544,551	-	544,551	Note B
SIoT (Cayman)	Beneficiary certificates	s Esquarre IoT Landing Fund L.P.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	468,681	-	468,681	Note B
AiSC	Stock	Shanghai Shangchuang Xinwei Investment Management Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss - non-current	-	107,750	8.43	107,750	Note C
AiSC	Beneficiary certificates	S Tianying Heyan (Hengqin) Investment Management Partnership (Limited	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	214,978	-	214,978	Note B

Note A: Market value was based on the closing price on December 31, 2021.

Note B: Market value was based on the net asset values of the open-ended mutual funds on December 31, 2021.

Note C: The fair values are estimated from the net worth from the latest financial statements.

Partnership)

ADVANTECH CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

	Marketable Securities							Balance as at Janu		ary 1, 2021	2021 Acquisition		Disposal				Balance as	at December 31,	2021
			General									Carrying	Gain (Loss) on	Gain (Loss) on		_			
Company Name	Type	Name	ledger account	Counterparty	Relationship	Shares/Units	Amount	Shares/Units	Amount	Shares/Units	Selling price	Amount	Disposal	Valuation	Shares/Units	Amount			
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Beneficiary certificates	Capital Money Market	Note A	None	None	9,225,566	\$ 150,057	39,947,223	\$ 650,003	49,172,789	\$ 800,779	\$ 800,060	\$ 719	\$ -	-	\$ -			
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Beneficiary certificates	FSITC Money Market	Note A	None	None	2,508,127	451,087	3,972,385	715,004	6,480,512	1,167,049	1,166,091	958	-	-	-			
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Beneficiary certificates	FSITC Taiwan Money Market	Note A	None	None	103,735,038	1,600,995	56,592,747	875,003	103,509,624	1,600,000	1,596,921	3,079	(27)	56,818,161	879,050			
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Beneficiary certificates	Mega Diamond Money Market	Note A	None	None	114,671,962	1,450,589	39,493,475	500,003	142,090,930	1,800,000	1,797,282	2,718	(234)	12,074,507	153,076			
ACI	Beneficiary certificates	Fuh Hwa Global IoT and Tech	Note A	None	None	-	-	30,000,000	300,000	-	-	-	-	36,600	30,000,000	336,600			
SIoT (Cayman)	Beneficiary certificates	Taishin 1699 Money Market	Note A	None	None	32,246,377	440,031	-	-	32,246,377	440,559	440,031	528	-	-	-			
SIoT (Cayman)	Beneficiary certificates	Momenta DIF III L.P.	Note A	None	None	-	-	-	550,832	-	-	-	-	(6,281)	-	544,551			
SIoT (Cayman)	Beneficiary certificates	Esquarre IoT Landing Fund L.P.	Note A	None	None	-	-	-	476,813	-	-	-	-	(8,132)	-	468,681			
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Stock	AEUH	Note B	AEUH	Same ultimate parent	25,961,250	1,219,124	-	436,259						25,961,250	1,655,383			
					company					-	-	-	-	-					
AEUH	Stock	AEU	Note B	AEU	Same ultimate parent	32,315,215	431,963	-	436,259						32,315,215	868,222			
					company					-	-	-	-	-					
AEU	Stock	A-SIoT	Note B	SIoT(Cayman)	Same ultimate parent	_	-	1	436,259						1	436,259			
				` '	company				,	-	-	-	-	-		,			
SIoT(Cayman)	Stock	A-SIoT	Note B	AEU	Same ultimate parent	1	522,719	_	_						_	_			
2202 (23) 23311)	2,000		1.000 2	1220	company	•	C-2,719			1	-	522,719	-	-					
					company														

Note A: It is recorded as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current.

Note B: Investments accounted for under equity method

ADVANTECH CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more December 31, 2021

Table 5

December 31, 2021

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Information on	previous	title	transf
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				if counterparty is a related party									
	Real estate	Date of the	Transaction				Property Terms				Pricing	Purpose of	Other Property
Real estate acquired by	acquired	event	amount	Payment Status	Counterparty	Relationship	Owner	Relationship	Transfer date	Amount	Reference	Acquisition	Terms
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Real estate	2020.10.30	\$ 1,410,000	Under the contract, based on percentage of construction completed;	Chung-Lin General	None	-	-	-	\$ -	Contract price	For the Company's	None
				accumulated payments of \$431,660 should be made by December 31,	Contractors, Ltd.							expansion	
				2021 and was paid.									

					Transaction Details		Differences in transaction	ction terms compared to third party transactions	Notes/accour	nts receivable (payable)
										Percentage of total
					Percentage of total					notes/accounts
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship	Sales/(purchases)	Amount	sales/(purchases)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	receivable (payable)
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ANA	Subsidiary	Sales	\$ 11,423,878	27.73%	30 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	\$ 2,008,177	28.23%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ACN	Subsidiary	Sales	9,943,092	24.13%	30 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	1,209,891	17.01%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AEU	Subsidiary	Sales	5,333,875	12.95%	45 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	1,467,137	20.62%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AKR	Subsidiary	Sales	1,300,349	3.16%	30 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	117,963	1.66%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AJP	Subsidiary	Sales	925,088	2.25%	30 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	144,463	2.03%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Advanixs Corporation	Subsidiary	Sales	634,691	1.54%	30 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	134,727	1.89%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AAU	Subsidiary	Sales	261,775	0.64%	45 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	34,631	0.49%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ASG	Subsidiary	Sales	297,148	0.72%	45 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	75,253	1.06%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AMY	Subsidiary	Sales	203,234	0.49%	45 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	36,120	0.51%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	A-SIoT	Subsidiary	Sales	1,034,692	2.51%	30 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	166,815	2.34%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ABR	Subsidiary	Sales	124,932	0.30%	30 days since invoice date	Contract price	No significant difference	3,737	0.05%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AIN	Subsidiary	Sales	137,973	0.33%	45 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	69,211	0.97%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ATR	Subsidiary	Sales	129,234	0.31%	45 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	270	0.00%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AVN	Subsidiary	Sales	133,764	0.32%	45 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	22,143	0.31%
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ATH	Subsidiary	Sales	107,846	0.26%	45 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	22,088	0.31%
ANA	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Parent company	Sales	149,920	0.94%	30 days since invoice date	Contract price	No significant difference	27,238	1.12%
AKMC	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Parent company	Sales	13,474,796	93.85%	30 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	1,273,472	91.58%
AKMC	ACN	Fellow subsidiary	Sales	518,811	3.61%	Usual trade terms	Contract price	No significant difference	95,051	6.84%
AKMC	Cermate (Shenzhen)	Fellow subsidiary	Sales	153,714	1.07%	Usual trade terms	Contract price	No significant difference	19,333	1.39%
ACZ	AEU	Fellow subsidiary	Sales	352,308	85.39%	60 days since invoice date	Contract price	No significant difference	56,695	91.56%
LNC	LNC Dong Guan	Fellow subsidiary	Sales	567,064	81.33%	150 days after month-end	Contract price	No significant difference	207,532	88.31%

Note: All intercompany transactions have been eliminated from consolidation.

ADVANTECH CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more December 31, 2021

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

						Overdue receivables						
								Actions	Amounts	received in	Allowance	for
Company Name	Counterparty	Relationship	Eı	nding balance	Turnover rate	Amou	ınt	taken	subsequ	ent period	doubtful acc	ounts
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ACN	Subsidiary	\$	1,209,891	6.55	\$	-	-	\$	972,882	\$	_
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ANA	Subsidiary		2,013,514	6.54		-	-		1,107,200		-
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AEU	Subsidiary		1,469,464	4.78		-	-		610,667		-
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	A-SIoT	Subsidiary		166,815	5.84		-	-		63,941		-
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AJP	Subsidiary		144,463	8.67		-	-		96,709		-
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AKR	Subsidiary		118,824	11.97		-	-		118,821		-
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AKMC	Subsidiary		439,361	Note		-	-		195,628		-
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Advanixs Corporation	Subsidiary		137,021	6.16		-	-		116,392		-
AKMC	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Parent company		1,273,472	8.95		-	-		1,090,705		-
LNC	LNC Dong Guan	Fellow subsidiary		207,532	2.58		-	-		38,611		-

Note: The Company's sales revenue on materials delivered to subcontractors - AKMC have been eliminated from consolidation.

Percentage of consolidated

Transaction

								total operating
No.				Relationship				revenues or total assets
(Note A)	Company Name		Counterparty	(Note B)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	(Note C)
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AAU		1	Sales revenue	\$ 261,775 Us	ual trade terms	0%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ACN		1	Sales revenue	9,943,092 Us	ual trade terms	17%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ACN		1	Receivables from related parties	1,209,891 30	days after month-end	2%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AEU		1	Sales revenue	5,333,875 Us	ual trade terms	9%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AEU		1	Receivables from related parties	1,467,137 45	days after month-end	3%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AJP		1	Sales revenue	925,088 Us	ual trade terms	2%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AJP		1	Receivables from related parties	144,463 30	days after month-end	0%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AKR		1	Sales revenue	1,300,349 Us	ual trade terms	2%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AKR		1	Receivables from related parties	117,963 30	days after month-end	0%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ANA		1	Sales revenue	11,423,878 Us	ual trade terms	19%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ANA		1	Receivables from related parties	2,008,177 30	days after month-end	3%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ASG		1	Sales revenue	297,148 Us	ual trade terms	1%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	A-SIoT		1	Sales revenue	1,034,692 Us	ual trade terms	2%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	A-SIoT		1	Receivables from related parties	166,815 30	days after month-end	0%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AMY		1	Sales revenue	203,234 Us	ual trade terms	0%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ATH		1	Sales revenue	107,846 Us	ual trade terms	0%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ABR		1	Sales revenue	124,932 Us	ual trade terms	0%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ATR		1	Sales revenue	129,234 Us	ual trade terms	0%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AVN		1	Sales revenue	133,764 Us	ual trade terms	0%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AIN		1	Sales revenue	137,973 Us	ual trade terms	0%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Advanixs Corporation		1	Sales revenue	634,691 Us	ual trade terms	1%
0	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Advanixs Corporation		1	Receivables from related parties	134,727 30	days after month-end	0%
1	AKMC	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		2	Receivables from related parties	1,273,472 30	days after month-end	2%
1	AKMC	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		2	Sales revenue	13,474,796 Us	ual trade terms	23%
1	AKMC	ACN		3	Sales revenue	518,811 Us	ual trade terms	1%
1	AKMC	Cermate (Shenzhen)		3	Sales revenue	153,714 Us	ual trade terms	0%
2	ANA	ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		2	Sales revenue	149,920 30	days since invoice date	0%
3	ACZ	AEU		3	Sales revenue	352,308 Us	ual trade terms	1%
4	LNC	LNC Dong Guan		3	Sales revenue	567,064 Us	ual trade terms	1%
4	LNC	LNC Dong Guan		3	Receivables from related parties	207,532 15	0 days after month-end	0%
		5			1	,	•	

Note A: The parent company and its subsidiaries are numbered as follows:

- 1. "0" for Advantech Co., Ltd.
- 2. Subsidiaries are numbered from "1".

Note B: The flow of related-party transactions is as follows:(If it is the same transaction between parent and subsidiary companies or between subsidiaries, there is no need for repeated disclosure. For example, if the parent company has disclosed the transaction between the parent company and the subsidiary company, the subsidiary part does not need to disclose repeatedly):

- 1. From the parent company to its subsidiary.
- 2. From the subsidiary to its parent company.
- 3. Between subsidiaries.

Note C: For assets and liabilities, amounts are shown as a percentage to consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2021, while revenues, costs and expenses are shown as a percentage to consolidated total operating revenues for the year ended December 31, 2021. Note D: All inter-company transactions have been eliminated from consolidation.

			36 . 1	Initial investme		Balance as	of December 31,			Investment income (loss) recognized by the	
I	Torrestore	Landin	Main business	Balance as at Balance as at		G1	Ownership	Carrying	•	Company for the year ended December 31,	Es etu ete
Investor	Investee	Location	activities		December 31, 2020	Shares	(%)	Value	2021	2021 (Note C)	Footnote
DVANTECH CO., LTD.	` /	British Virgin Islands	Overseas investment in manufacturing and services industries	\$ 3,875,214 \$	3,875,214	128,496,207	100.00 \$	10,058,205			Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		British Virgin Islands	Overseas investment in manufacturing and services industries Manufacturing marketing and trade of industrial was computers	998,788 100,000	998,788	40,850,000	100.00 100.00	4,332,709	204,711	199,438	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD. ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	•	Taiwan Taiwan	Manufacturing, marketing and trade of industrial use computers Investment in marketable securities	3,300,000	100,000 2,900,000	10,000,000 330,000,000	100.00	235,010 4,003,595	33,049 232,350	33,049 232,876	Subsidiary Subsidiary
,		Taiwan Taiwan	Manufacturing, marketing and trade of industrial use computers	511,372	2,900,000	25,542,984	26.61	4,003,393	390,915	102,902	Investments accounted for
id valvileireo., Lib.	AMOINER	Tarwan	Wandacturing, marketing and trade of industrial use computers	311,372	247,037	23,342,704	20.01	830,007	370,713	102,702	under equity method
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	A dyan POS	Taiwan	Manafacturing and trade of endpoint sales system	266,192	266,192	1,000,000	100.00	14,565	(68,093)	(68,093)	• •
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		Taiwan	Manufacturing and trade of controllers	209,191	277,946	14,430,000	48.10	299,709	63,001	37,202	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		Mexico	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	61,909	61,909	10,000,002	60.00	35,884	45	27	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		Netherlands	Overseas investment in manufacturing and services industries	1,655,383	1,219,124	25,961,250	100.00	1,202,407	(34,365)	(35,382)	•
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		Singapore	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	27,134	27,134	1,450,000	100.00	114,531	37,297	37,184	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		Thailand	Manufacturing of computer products	47,701	47,701	51,000	51.00	47,868	4,797	2,366	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		Australia	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	40,600	40,600	500,204	100.00	31,963	16,920	17,641	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		Japan	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	15,472	15,472	1,200	100.00	411,417	49,521	47,310	Subsidiary
,		Malaysia	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	35,140	35,140	2,000,000	100.00	59,311	22,788	22,765	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AKR	Korea	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	156,668	156,668	600,000	100.00	445,256	133,246	133,033	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	ABR	Brazil	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	103,146	103,146	12,723,038	100.00	84,753	19,380	19,380	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Advantech Innovative Design	Taiwan	Product design	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	3	3	Subsidiary
	Co., Ltd.										•
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AiCS	Taiwan	Design, research and develop and sale of intelligent services	81,837	81,837	1,000,000	100.00	81,415	(13,284)	(13,284)	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AIN	India	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	39,747	19,754	4,999,999	99.99	38,896	8,896	8,723	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	AIMobile	Taiwan	Design, manufacturing, service and trade of industrial use mobile systems	180,000	180,000	6,750,000	27.00	28,331	(62,961)	(17,000)	Investments accounted for
											under equity method
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Winmate	Taiwan	Embedded System Modules	540,000	540,000	12,000,000	16.54	572,568	364,706	60,329	Investments accounted for
ib varviden eo., dib.	Williate	Turwun	Embedded System Woddles	540,000	540,000	12,000,000	10.54	372,300	304,700	00,327	under equity method
ADVANTECH CO. LTD	ANNI	Vietnem	Monkating and toods of industrial was commutated	76.002	76,002	9 100	60.00	50.040	12.020	9.212	
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		Vietnam	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	76,092	76,092	8,100	60.00	59,040	13,930	8,312	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Nippon RAD	Japan	Integration of IoT intelligent system	251,915	251,915	850,000	16.08	216,414	937	178	Investments accounted for
											under equity method
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		Russia	Manufacturing, marketing and trade of industrial use computer	72,416	44,676	1	100.00	27,258	(12,243)	(12,243)	_
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		Japan	Production and sale of electronic and mechanical devices	451,564	323,130	713,900	71.39	467,000	16,308	6,594	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		Turkey	Wholesale of computers and peripheral devices	58,482	58,482	260,870	60.00	12,530	6,798	1,734	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.		Israel	Trading of industrial network communications systems	8,653	8,653	100	100.00	9,950	1,051	1,051	Subsidiary
ADVANTECH CO., LTD.	Huan Yan Water Solution	Taiwan	Service plan for combination of related technologies of water treatment and applications of	27,000	27,000	2,700,000	90.00	23,618	(3,757)	(3,597)	Subsidiary
	Co., Ltd.		Internet of Things	101.510	101 110	204100	20.41	20 < 125	2.712		
AJP	ATJ	Japan	Production and sale of electronic and mechanical devices	184,649	184,649	286,100	28.61	206,137	3,712	-	Subsidiary
ACI	Cermate (Taiwan)	Taiwan	Manufacturing of electronic components, computers, and peripheral devices	71,500	71,500	5,500,000	55.00	139,107	40,568	-	Subsidiary
ACI	Deneng	Taiwan	Installment and sale of electronic components and software	18,095	18,095	658,000	39.69	13,844	2,663	-	Investments accounted for
. ~~				4.70.000	4.70.000	4.7.000.000	4= 0.4	101 100	(20.4.27)		under equity method
ACI	CDIB	Taiwan	Investment in marketable securities	150,000	150,000	15,000,000	17.86	181,132	(38,167)	-	Investments accounted for
											under equity method
ACI	AzureWave	Taiwan	Wireless communication and digital image module manufacturing and trading	578,563	578,563	29,599,000	19.67	601,310	309,209	-	Investments accounted for
											under equity method
ACI	Yun Yan, Wu-Lian Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Industrial equipment networking in Greater China	5,000	5,000	500,000	50.00	_	Δ	_	Subsidiary
ACI	Nippon RAD	Japan	Integration of IoT intelligent system	49,733	49,733	154,310	2.92	45,109	<u>.</u>	_	Investments accounted for
101	Tuppon Id ID	Jupun	megration of for interrigent system	17,733	19,733	13 1,310	2.72	13,107			under equity method
ACI	i-Link	Taiwan	Integration of intelligent medical	9,091	9,091	805,000	20.13	2,276	(10,006)	_	Investments accounted for
	I-Link	rarwan	megration of menigent medical	7,071	7,071	003,000	20.13	2,270	(10,000)		under equity method
ACI	DotZero	Taiwan	Intelligent metal processing integration	10,928	8,100	1,092,750	25.71	4,233	(12,730)		Investments accounted for
ACI	Dolzero	Tarwan	intelligent metal processing integration	10,720	0,100	1,072,730	23.71	4,233	(12,730)	_	under equity method
ACI	Mildex	Taiwan	Electronic component manufacturing	202,948	202,948	15,710,000	15.37	142,658	(129,955)		Investments accounted for
	Wildex	rarwan	Electronic component manufacturing	202,740	202,740	13,710,000	13.37	142,030	(12),)33)		under equity method
ACI	ITTS	Taiwan	Electronic Information Service	147,444	147,444	5,084,273	18.61	159,489	71,814		Investments accounted for
ACI	1115	Taiwaii	Electronic information Service	147,444	147,444	3,064,273	16.01	139,469	/1,014	-	
A CI	ACLIOT Investment Fund I	Taiwan	Investment in marketable securities		238,000				10.246		under equity method
ACI	ACI IOT Investment Fund-I	Taiwan	investment in marketable securities	-	238,000	-	-	-	19,246	-	Subsidiary
	Corporation										
ACI	ACISM	Samoa	Holding company	0	18,214	-	-	-	(120)	-	Subsidiary
ACI	Samsoft	Taiwan	Manufacturing and trade of electronic and mechanical devices	20,220	15,000	431,455	24.07	16,973	6,328	-	Investments accounted for
											under equity method
ACI	Impelex	Taiwan	Manufacturing and trade of electronic and mechanical devices	10,000	10,000	500,000	20.00	9,284	(6,877)	-	Investments accounted for
											under equity method
ACI	VSO	Taiwan	Manufacturing and trade of electronic and mechanical devices	120,000	120,000	4,000,000	14.29	144,865	137,472	-	Investments accounted for
											under equity method
ACI	Hwacom	Taiwan	Computer system integration service	357,119	357,119	24,575,000	19.00	439,839	165,882	-	Investments accounted for
											under equity method
ACI	IISI	Taiwan	Computer system integration service	243,086	243,086	14,299,205	19.61	271,364	152,482	-	Investments accounted for
											under equity method
	iSAP	Taiwan	Information software service	10,000	10,000	1,492,852	34.83	7,002	(8,607)	-	Investments accounted for
ACI											yan dan a ayaitey maatha ad
											under equity method
ACI ACI	AIH	Taiwan	Servicing of information software and data processing	15,369	12,254	1,100,000	100.00	3,214	99	-	Subsidiary
	AIH Feng Sang	Taiwan Taiwan	Servicing of information software and data processing Computer system integration service	15,369 109,219	12,254	1,100,000 6,088,750	100.00 36.24	3,214 110,496	99 20,416	- -	1 •

				Initial invest	ment amount	Balance	as of December 31,	, 2021	Net profit (loss) of the investee Investm	ent income (loss) recognized by the	
			Main business	Balance as at	Balance as at		Ownership	Carrying	for the year ended December 31, Compa	ny for the year ended December 31,	
Investor	Investee	Location	activities	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	Shares	(%)	Value	2021	2021 (Note C)	Footnote
ACI	Freedom Systems	Taiwan	Electronic information service	\$ 37,500	\$ -	1,500,000	20.00 \$	37,523	\$ 6,087 \$	-	Investments accounted for
											under equity method
ATC	ATC (HK)	Hong Kong	Overseas investment in manufacturing and services industries	1,212,730	1,212,730	57,890,679	100.00	4,383,602	204,810	-	Subsidiary
AAC (BVI)	ANA	USA	Marketing, trade and assembly of industrial use computers	504,179	504,179	10,952,606	100.00	5,219,760	661,602	-	Subsidiary
AAC (BVI)	AAC (HK)	Hong Kong	Overseas investment in manufacturing and services industries	539,146	539,146	15,230,001	100.00	3,277,588	708,629	-	Subsidiary
AAC (BVI)	ADB	United Arab Emirates	Trading of industrial network communications systems	-	-	-	100.00	2,619	386	-	Subsidiary
AAC (BVI)	SIoT(Cayman)	Cayman Islands	Design, research and development and trade of IoT intelligent system services	1,384,000	1,384,000	30,000,000	100.00	1,956,780	40,771	-	Subsidiary
SIoT(Cayman)	A-SIoT	Germany	Design, research and develop and trade of industrial on-board computer products	-	522,719	-	-	-	(10,500)	-	Subsidiary
AEUH	AEU	Netherlands	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	868,222	431,963	32,315,215	100.00	1,298,688	(51,406)	-	Subsidiary
AEUH	APL	Poland	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	14,176	14,176	7,030	100.00	40,778	5,795	-	Subsidiary
AEU	A-SIoT	Geamany	Design, research and develop and trade of industrial on-board computer products	436,259	-	1	100.00	416,197	(10,500)	-	Subsidiary
ASG	ATH	Thailand	Manufacturing of computers products	7,537	7,537	49,000	49.00	47,092	4,797	-	Subsidiary
ASG	AID	Indonesia	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	4,797	4,797	300,000	100.00	6,983	(837)	-	Subsidiary
Cermate (Taiwan)	LandMark	Samoa	General investment	28,200	28,200	972,284	100.00	154,228	30,418	-	Subsidiary
LNC	Better Auto	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	229,907	229,907	7,425,000	100.00	92,287	35,550	-	Subsidiary
Better Auto	Famous Now	Hong Kong	Holding company	135,798	135,798	4,906,096	100.00	100,320	35,550	-	Subsidiary
ANA	AIE	Ireland	Trading of industrial network communications systems	1,092,834	1,092,834	-	100.00	316,625	71,734	-	Subsidiary
AIE	ACZ	Czech Republic	Manufacturing of automation control	-	-	-	100.00	292,265	69,104	-	Subsidiary
AIN	ARI	India	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers	4,651	-	1,237,500	55.00	4,652	73	-	Subsidiary

Note A: All intercompany gains and losses from investments have been eliminated from consolidation. Note B: Refer to Table 10 for investments in mainland China

Note C: The investment gains and losses recognized in the current period only disclose the part recognized by Advantech Co., Ltd., and the rest are exempted according to regulations.

					Accumulated	Outflow o	of			Accumulated Ou	ıtflow of		Ownership held by the			Accumulated Inward
Investee in	Main business	Pa	aid-in	Investment	Investment fro	om Taiwa	n Inve	estment Flow	7S	Investment from 7	Taiwan as	Net profit (loss) of the investee for	Company (direct or	Investment net profit	Carrying Value as of	Remittance of Earnings a
Mainland China	activities	ca	apital	method	as of Januar	y 1, 2021	Outflow	Inflo	V	of December 31	1, 2021 t	the year ended December 31, 2021	indirect)	(loss)	December 31, 2021	of December 31, 2021
Advantech Technology (China) Company	Manufacturing and trade of interface cards and	\$ 1	1,211,000	Through investing in an existing company in the	\$	1,032,4	64 \$ -	\$	-	\$	1,032,464	\$ 204,810	100.00	\$ 204,810	\$ 4,311,559	\$ -
Ltd. (AKMC)	PC cases, plastic cases and accessories	USD	43,750	third region, which then invested in the investee in	USD	37,3	00			USD	37,300					
		((Note C)	Mainland China												
Beijing Yan Hua Xing Ye Electronic	Marketing and trade of industrial use computers		117,806	Through investing in an existing company in the		147,5			-		147,590	690,670	100.00	690,670	2,411,598	310,90
Science & Technology Co., Ltd. (ACN)		USD	4,230	third region, which then invested in the investee in	USD	5,3	32			USD	5,332					USD 11,23
				Mainland China												
Shanghai Advantech Intelligent Services	Manufacturing, marketing and trade of industrial		221,440	Through investing in an existing company in the		221,4			-	****	221,440	19,540	100.00	19,540	621,200	-
Co., Ltd. (AiSC)	use computers	USD	8,000	third region, which then invested in the investee in	USD	8,0	00			USD	8,000					
V'' A 1	Development and an amount of the form		27.690	Mainland China	NI-4-	D				Nata D		65	100.00	(5	20.012	
Xi'an Advantech Software Ltd. (AXA)	Development and manufacturing of software	HCD	27,680	Through investing in an existing company in the	Note	В	-		-	Note B		65	100.00	65	28,913	-
	products	USD	1,000	third region, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China												
LNC Dong Guan Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and trade of controllers		110,720	Through investing in an existing company in the		88,4	10				88,410	44,086	100.00	44,211	100,320	
(LNC Dong Guan)	Wandlacturing and trade of controllers	USD	4,000	third region, which then invested in the investee in	USD	3,1			-	USD	3,194	44,000	100.00	44,211	100,320	-
(LINE Dolig Guali)		USD	4,000	Mainland China	USD	3,1	7 4			USD	3,134					
Shenzhen Cermate Technologies Inc.	Production of LCD touch screen, USB data		8,688	Through investing in an existing company in the		8,5	25 -		_		8,525	21,157	90.00	19,043	104,738	38,64
(Cermate Shenzhen)	cables, and industrial use computers	CNY	2,000	third region, which then invested in the investee in	USD		08			USD	308	21,137	70.00	17,010	101,730	USD 71
(Commute Shenzhen)	edotos, and industrial use compaters	0111	2,000	Mainland China	CDD					0.52	200					CNY 4,32
Cermate Technologies (Shanghai) Inc.	Networking electronic equipment for industrial		14,394	Through investing in an existing company in the		15,8	33 -		_		15,833	11,374	100.00	11,374	50,405	- 1,52
(Cermate Shanghai)	use	USD	520	third region, which then invested in the investee in	USD		72			USD	572	,		,	,	
				Mainland China												
Advantech Service-IoT (Shanghai) Co.,	Technology development, consulting and services		65,160	Through investing in an existing company in the	Note	D	-		-	Note D		10,809	100.00	10,809	48,562	-
Ltd. [(SIoT (China)]	in the field of intelligent technology	CNY	15,000	third region, which then invested in the investee in												
				Mainland China												
Shanghai Yanle Co., Ltd.(AYL)	Application and retail of intelligent technology		9,557	Other	Note	E	_		_	Note E	((9)	100.00	(9)	5,110	-
		CNY	2,200													
-	y Operation and maintenance for intelligent general		13,032	Other	Note	E	-		-	Note E	((1)	20.00	(0)	2,604	-
Co., Ltd. (Anjie)	equipment, and consulting service for	CNY	3,000													
	comprehensive energy issues															
GSD Environmental Technology Co., Ltd.	1 ,		43,440	Through investing in an existing company in the		16,1			3,688		- (8,413)	-	(3,365)	-	-
(GSD)	environmental technology	CNY	10,000	third region, which then invested in the investee in	USD	5	83	CNY 2	2,000							
(Note H)			1.4.770	Mainland China	N T .	Б				N. F	,	25.016	20.66	7.420	10.514	
Foshan Technology Co., Ltd. (Foshan	Operation and maintenance for intelligent general	Chita	14,770	Other	Note	E	-		-	Note E	(25,016)	29.66	(7,420)	19,514	-
Technology)	equipment, and consulting service for comprehensive energy issues	CNY	3,400													

Note A: The significant events, prices, payment terms and unrealized gains or losses generated on trading between the Company and its investees in Mainland China are described in Table 8.

Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of

MOEA

22,711,516

(Note G)

Accumulated Investment in Mainland

China as of December 31, 2021

\$ 1,535,936 (USD 55,489 thousand)

Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment

Commission, MOEA

\$ 2,191,702 (USD 79,180 thousand) \$

(Note F)

Note B: Remittance by ACN.

Note C: For AKMC, there was a capital increase of US\$6,450 thousand out of earnings

Note D: Remittance by AAC (BVI) and AiSC.

Note E: Remittance by AiSC; AiSC's investments in associate accounted for under equity method.

Note F: Included is the outflow of US\$200 thousand on the investment in Yan Hua (Guang Zhou Bao Shui Qu) Co., Ltd. located in a free trade zone in Guang Zhou. When this investee was liquidated in September 2005, the outward investment remittance ceased upon the approval of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA). For each future capital return, the Company will apply to the MOEA for the approval of the return as well as reduce the accumulated investment amount.

Note G: The maximum allowable limit on investment was 60% of the consolidated net asset value of the Company.

Note H: Due to the disposal of all the shares of GSD, the remaining investment amount of CNY 2,000,000 was recovered. Note I: The exchange rate was US\$1=NT\$27.68 and CNY\$1=NT\$4.344.

Note J: All intercompany gains and losses from investment have been eliminated upon consolidation.

ADVANTECH CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Major shareholders information December 31, 2021

Table 11

	Shares	
Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Ownership (%)
ASUSTek Computer Inc.	103,177,983	13.32%
K&M Investment Co., Ltd.	91,369,108	11.79%
AIDC Investment Corp.	90,295,663	11.65%

Note: The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation. The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements may be different from the actual number of shares in dematerialised form due to the difference in the calculation basis.